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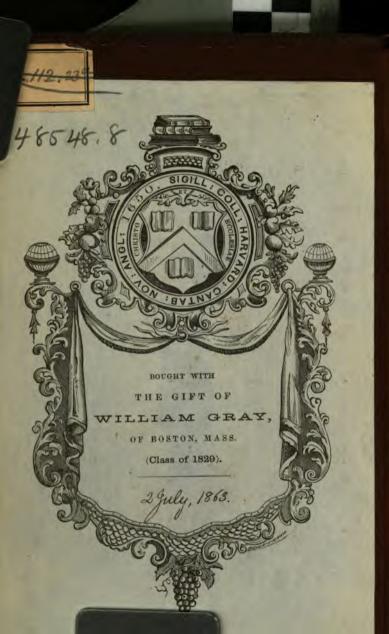
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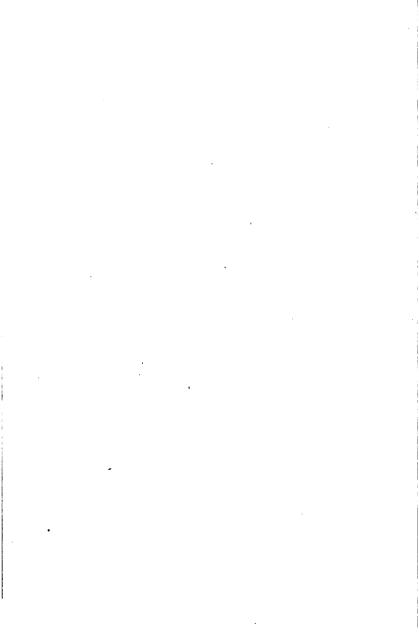
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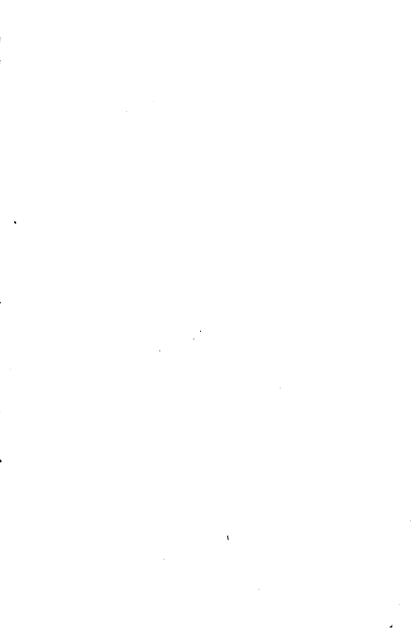
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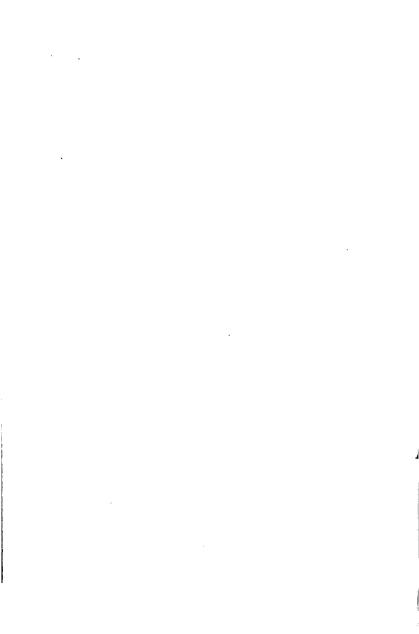


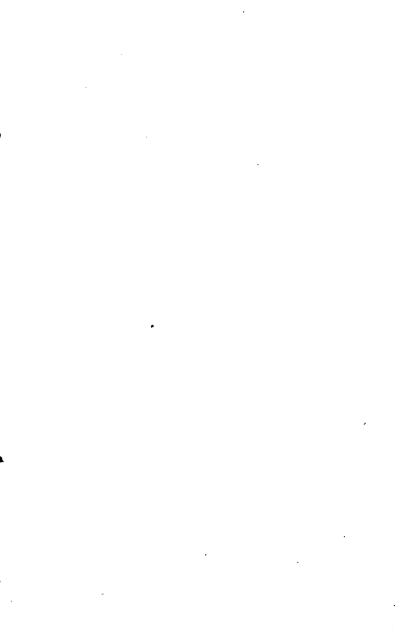


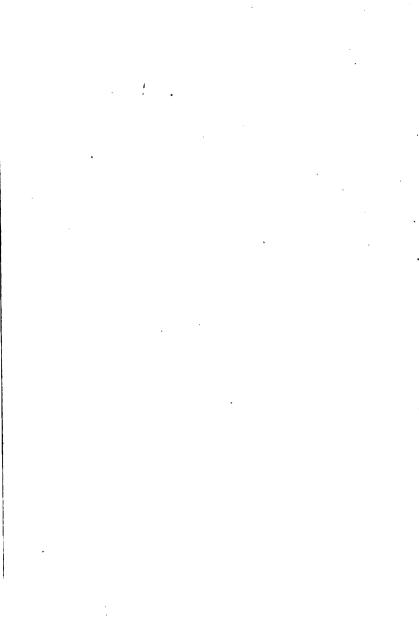


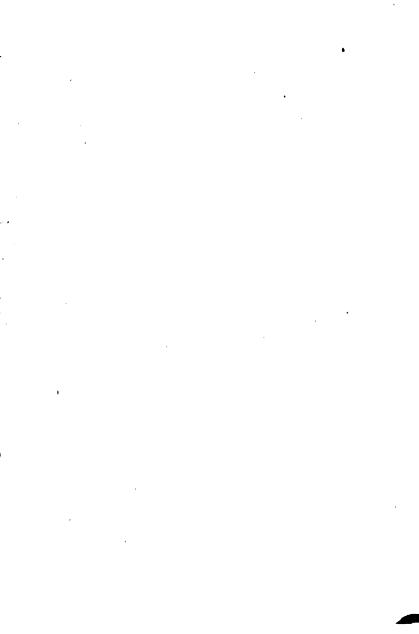














The Jobsiad

A

'GROTESCO-COMICO-HEROIC POEM

FROM THE GERMAN

0F

Dr. Carl Arnold Kortum

BY

CHARLES T. BROOKS
TRANSLATOR OF "FAUST," "TITAN," ETC., ETC.

C PHILADELPHIA:
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THE

Sife, Opinions, Actions, and Sate

Kieronimus Jobs,

CANDIDATE,

A

MAN WHO WHILOM WON GREAT RENOWN,
AND DIED

Night-Watch in Schildeburg Town.



Throughout, beginning, end, and middle,
Adorned with wood-cuts, neat as a fiddle,
A gay historia, pithy and terse,
Writ in new-fathion doggerel verse.



TRANSLATOR'S PREFACE.

CARL ARNOLD KORTUM, the author of this unique poem—which may almost be said to form a genus by itself—was born at Mühlheim in 1745, and died as Physician, at Bochum, a small town in Westphalia, in 1824, in the eightieth year of his age. If we knew the particulars of his life, we might perhaps find in him an answer to Solomon's question in regard to laughter: "What doeth it?" namely, It prolongeth man's days.

The Jobfiad enjoys a great and general popularity in its native country,* and is, of course, a particular

^{*} In Marggraff's House-treasury of German humor occurs the following:---

[&]quot;The Jobfiad first appeared anonymously in 1784, and has now reached its Tenth Edition, [of several thousand copies each] which may well be regarded as a proof of the power of this jolly book to stand the test of time. A book may attain to several editions in swift succession, and then after all be suddenly forgotten or no more read; but when, after half a century, new editions of a book are still called

favorite of students, several of whom the translator has heard recite passages from it—"pompously squaring the circle described by the wrinkle round the mouth," as Jean Paul says of Schoppe—with exceeding richness of comic effect. Perhaps, indeed, to be perfectly

for and pass out of print again,-this is certainly a proof of its having a kernel of national and lasting vitality. The Jobsiad owes the popularity which it still continues to find as well to its draftic drollery in the invention and management of characters and fituations, and their ethico-historical interest, as to the circumstance, that pedantry, with its innumerable absurdities, (which, indeed, forms the main object of this comic poem) has not even to this day died out in Germany, and will hardly ever die out, though it should from time to time affume different forms. The treatment betrays an original vis comica and a naive drollery fuch as are at this day feldom found; nay, the comic rifes fometimes even to humor, infofar as we may regard it as one of the peculiarities of humor, that the Poet toffes about the world, which he fees at his feet, with fovereign caprice, with an ideal whimficality, that never fuffers itself to be degraded, by the follies on which it exercises its perfiffage, to the level of hypochondriacal moodiness or a schoolmaster-like pedantry. The Jobfiad owes a great part of its effect to the peculiar doggerel, fince become typical, managed by him with the most riotous extravagance of whimfy, and yet at the same time with the sure hand of a master, which Kortum, with happy hit, himself originally created for his epic."

enjoyed and appreciated, such a production should be heard as read by some one who has the skill and spirit to give it the proper tone and twang, or, perhaps, it might advantageously be accompanied with a scale of musical and nasal intonation.

By way of giving the reader all the help the case seems to admit, in the absence of the desiderata just referred to, the translator will add a few remarks in respect to rhyme and rhythm.

It will be observed, as one of the commonest requirements in making out the measure and securing the comic effect, that all forts of liberties are taken, for instance, with accent. Thus, for the sake of rhyme, fuch words as Baron, Turkey, Father, and many others, have the stress transferred to the last syllable; and so, too, frequently, contrary, necessary, will sometimes have the emphasis thrown on the last syllable but one.—Equal licence is allowed in spelling. Swabia is spelt Swaby to rhyme with baby. Nature is spelt Natur to rhyme with Senater. The final g is repeatedly cut off from participles. Thus spinning becomes fpinnin' for the sake of making it rhyme with women, -But the reader's Yankee sense will do justice to all these things as he goes along, and practice will beget fmoothness, the rough quality being gradually worn off by the friction and heat of a rapid movement.

One word more in regard to the metre of this rampant doggerel, and the translator, with the author, commits his work to the "indulgent reader." The metre is certainly somewhat particular metre. The shortest and most satisfactory key to be given for the scanning is to say, boldly, that each line consists of four feet, each foot containing as many or few syllables as the case may require. We will give a specimen, trusting that the reader will then feel competent to career with great rapidity, precision and satisfaction over the roughnesses that most seriously

"Shake the rackt axle of Art's rattling car," and the occasional extended tracts of verse, that might otherwise prove to some readers in this fast age a dead man's journey.

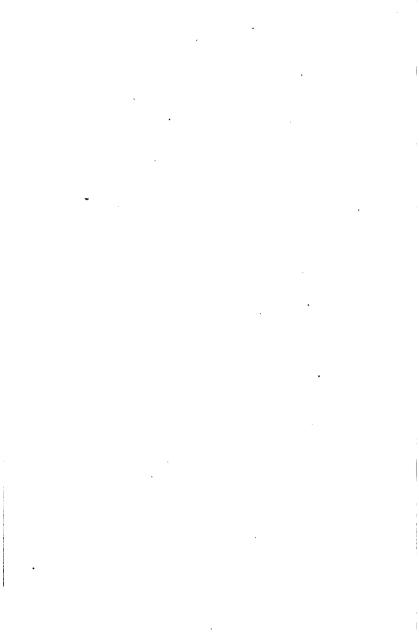
Take, then, the following, which we divide, thus:—
(the odd fyllable over and above the four feet in the first couplet being a mere flourish, or kick-up of the last foot—the hind foot, so to speak, of the quadruped):—
"If one | of his pa | tients chanced | to recov | er,

| It was trum | peted | the coun | try o | ver, And they said | behold! | the fa | mous man | Has wrought | a won | drous cure | again.!

"But if he happened to lose his patients,
Or they died in the midst of his operations,
"Twas then: He died for want of breath,
There's not on both growing's a cure for deal

There's not an herb growing's a cure for death."

The Jobhad will already have had a certain introduction and commendation in this country by the four genial pictures of Hasenclever, now in Philadelphia, the first representing Jobs as he comes home to his aftonished family from the University, the second as he appears before the Clerical Board of Examiners as a candidate for the ministry, the third, as a schoolmaster, and the fourth, as night-watchman. pictures were for a long time on exhibition at the Düsseldorf Gallery in New York, and the two chapters of this translation containing Jobs's letter to his parents for money, when he was at college, and the elder Jobs's answer, were printed in full in the catalogue of the exhibition, having originally appeared, (the first and only portion of the Jobfiad ever printed till then in English) in the "Literary World," at that time under the tasteful, spirited and generous management of the brothers Duvckinck, whose kindness the translator here gratefully remembers.



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CHAPTER I.

Preface, and the Author sets out to describe the story of Hieronimus Jobs, deceased, and he gives his little book the paternal benediction.



RESPECTED READER! for thy edification, And likewise for my own recreation, A superfine history I plan, Of Hieronimus Jobs, a remarkable man.

The Life, Opinions, Actions and Fate

- Of whom I have many things to mention, Deferving your particular attention, And who, in all this life's queer muss, Was a curious Hieronimus.
- 3. To tell all about him were out of the question, 'Twould be too much for the reader's digestion, And paper and space would be quite too small To recite his adventures each and all.
- 4. I have respecting him many Data,
 But confine myself to the prominent Fata,
 And tell what he did from the day of his birth
 That was most memorable on the earth.
- Now, as I have received from St. Apollo
 The laudable gift of rhyme, it will follow
 That instead of telling my tale in profe
 A very fine kind of verse I chose.
- 6. I may not always adopt that measure In which a cultivated ear finds pleasure; The indulgent reader will consider meanwhile That this is what they call the popular style.
- From my ancestor, old Hans Sachs, I inherit
 As a second nature, the rhyming merit,
 Hence it is that I hold poesy so dear,
 And relate all things in verses here.
- 8. There's nobody but that rehearfes My coufin, the Wandsbeck messenger's verses, And yet, compared with my fabric, you'll find That his are very far behind.

- 9. I have at the fame time labored bufily, As the indulgent reader will fee very eafily, To have the book, as was right and good, Adorned with fine engravings in wood.
- 10. But as new engravings were scarce and costly, I have borrowed from other sources mostly, And yet it would puzzle any one to tell That they were borrowed, they fit so well.
- II. They're none of Chodowiecki's chefs-d'œuvre,
 I almost flatter myself, however,
 They will do as well, or well enough,
 To help the book through a world so rough.
- 12. And, then, if the pictures are not the neatest, The verses, too, are not the completest, And so the two exactly agree And make out a perfect harmony.
- 13. And now little Book, I'll no longer delay thee; Go hence, to the fons of men difplay thee; There's many a book no better than thou, Is yearly fent to the Fair, I trow.
- 14. And yet allow me one moment to linger, While I place on thy head my authorial finger, And like a father benignantly, Pronounce, dear Book, a bleffing on thee!
- 15. May heaven protect thee a good long feafon From critics, moths and lamp-paper treason, And all other mischiefs that await Printed books at the present date.

4 The Life, Opinions, Actions and Fate

- 16. Thou wilt have, both in and out of Swaby, Thy native land, many readers, may be; That paper, printing and labor of brain, May not, God help us! have been in vain.
- 17. Go now and with my greetings hie thee To all and each who read and buy thee, And to every worshipful Reviewer, My special compliments, be sure.
- 18. Tell them, (but foftly, that they may not be offended,) How they have often reviewed and recommended, Many a book before now, That was much worse written than thou.

NOTES.

Stanza 8. The Wandsbeck messeger means that simple-hearted old German, Claudius, born in 1743, who so called himself and took for the motto of his papers, "Asmus, omnia sua secum portans." (Asmus, carrying all his possessions with him.)

Stanza 10. And yet the learned reader will detect in the wood cut that heads this chapter, the traditionary picture of St. Luke, attended by the Ox, and writing his gofpel.

Stanza II. Chodowiecki was a famous German artist in this line, born at Dantzic in 1723,

CHAPTER II.

Of the parents of our hero and how he was born, and of a memorable dream which his mother had.



BEFORE I go further, it is my intention,
Of our hero's two parents to make mention,
And a word or two must be also set forth
Concerning his true place of birth.

- It was, then, a little town in Swaby,
 Where the parents lived who had this baby,
 And there his father, Hans Jobs by name,
 Was a counsellor of considerable fame.
- 3. He was rich in cattle and that fort of bleffing, Befide our hero many other children poffeffing, Of the male fex and female no less, And lived, on the whole, in peace and happiness.
- 4. He had in wine some little dealings, Was an upright man in his walk and feelings, Just both at home and in council hall, And a great economist withal.
- A genuine Lutheran in his religious perfuafion, In philofophy neither Wolfian nor Cartefian, Because in fact neither Wolf nor Kant Not any philosophy could he understand.
- 6. To ftudy, however, he had somewhat attended, And for a whole year the gymnasium frequented, And consequently, so far, knew much more Than any worshipful counsellor had done before.
- 7. When poor folks came, he loved to befriend them, And for a pledge would gladly lend them, And never charged more than ten per cent, And was somewhat phlegmatic in temperament.
- 8. He was rather short and squat in stature, Was endowed with a great appetite by nature, The newspapers he loved to read, And smoked many a pipe of narcotic weed.

- And often when the gall ran over,
 Severe attacks of gout he would fuffer,
 And yet he always found himself able
 To take his place at the council table.
- 10. The mother was of respectable station, The most eloquent woman in the Swabian nation, Tall and virtuous and upright, And meek as a lamb—at first fight.
- 11. Only, alas! as too often the case is Not only here, but in other places, She now and then, when it came in her way, Would wear the breeches, as they say.
- 12. Now this occasioned no small vexation At times, and led to altercation; Yet on the whole did our two loves Live like a pair of turtle doves.
- 13. They had now for feveral years in succession Received of children a yearly addition, And yet at the time of our story, 'twas plain Mrs. Jobs was soon to come down again.
- 14. And now, when her nine months were ended, And the time of delivery impended; The above Mrs. Jobs immediately went To make preparation for the important event.
- 15. Before, however, I go on with my history, I must stop to mention a singular mystery, A dream, in fact, that one night befel This Mrs. Jobs of whom I tell.

- 16. We learn by experience oft repeated, That dreams are not to be lightly treated; Of that, dear reader, I presently A notable proof will furnish thee.
- 17. One night, as Mrs. Jobs lay sleeping, This wonderful dream into her head came creeping, That, instead of a little child, was born Of her a great and mighty horn.
- 18. This horn so mightily crashed and sounded, That Mrs. Jobs woke up assounded, And often, after she awoke, About that horn she thought and spoke.
- 19. A lady, to whom she applied for explanation, Gave her at the time this consolation, That thus the interpretation ran: Her child would certainly be a great man.
- 20. And that his voice his mouth would nourish, And in the pulpit would greatly flourish, For that was clearly and finely shown By the monstrous horn with its mighty tone.
- 21. But we will not here be anticipating The fequel for which the reader is waiting, And fo I now return to the text And proceed to tell what happened next.
- 22. The mother laid all things ftraight in her chamber, And on the thirtieth day of September, Just at the right time she had the joy Of giving birth to a little boy.

23. Was ever a father's happiness greater?

And heavens! how proudly felt the Senator!

And how did he leap, when, blooming there,

He saw before him a son and heir!

NOTES.

Stanza 2. Swaby, poetic licence for Swabia, just as we have Virgininy for Virginia, and for Arabia, Araby (the Blest.)

Stanza 7. Some points in this description of old Jobs will remind the reader of "Old Grimes."

CHAPTER III.

How Mrs. Jobs, in child-bed, received a vifit from her female friends, and what Ma'am Gossip Schnepperle prophecied of the child.

- AND so Mrs. Jobs, as we've just been telling,
 With her dear little Jobsey was keeping her dwelling;
 Close by her side all swaddled he lay,
 And thought of nothing and slept away.
- "Twere impossible to describe the jubilation
 That filled all the Jobsian habitation;
 Neighbors and kinsmen came and went,
 And those that couldn't themselves go, sent.
- The chamber rang with a constant alarum,
 As when the bees in the May month swarm,
 And all the day long it was buzz, buzz, buzz,
 Round the dear little Hieronimus.
- 4. Exactly three days had now expired,
 Since Mrs. Jobs to her bed retired,
 When a mighty swarm of women made free
 To invite themselves to afternoon tea.



- 5. And of all these madams, to my thinking, Who came to Mrs. Jobs's tea-drinking, Though there was none whose gifts were small, Ma'am Schnepperle's gift excelled them all.
- 6. Little Jobsey's father was her cousin;
 The company talked of the weather, and a dozen
 Other matters of the same kind,
 And the conversation was quite unconfin'd.
- 7. Next after madam's health they inquired, And to know how the baby was they defired, Whether he seemed to like his pap, And was a quiet little chap?
- Then they began, in rotation, to raife him High in the air and beft him and praife him, And none could find fit words to express Their sense of his uncommon prettiness.

12

- 9. "My honored cousin," began Ma'am Schnepperle, (She spoke through her nose, but rather dapperly,) A learned man the child will be, That by his face I can plainly see.
- To. "I have read a book and admired it greatly, Which I took from the council library lately, About the art of Physiognomy, And everything, the how and why.
- 11. "And there was a dreadful lot of faces, Pious rogues with terrible grimaces, Learn'd dunces, profiles ugly and fair, And heads of animals, too were there.
- 12. "If I rightly remember what I read there, I think (almost in so many words) it said there, That there is genius in such a phiz, As this little wry one of Jobsey's is.
- 13. "Nor should I fear to pledge his mother That the child will take to books one day or other; And, if he only lives long enough, he Will be a parson, undoubtedly.
- 14. "His mighty voice that he lifts like a trumpet Shows that he one day will mount the pulpit."
 (N. B.—Just here little Jobsey cried out As if he knew what they were talking about.)
- 15. Ma'am faid much more before she had completed, That cannot in this place be repeated; However she ended at last, and then All the women fell in with a loud Amen.

- 16. And now when the vifit was finally ended, Each one her hand to Mrs. Jobs extended, And thanked her for the honour she had done, Then all returned to whene they'd come.
- 17. Poor Mrs. Jobs's head-aches were shocking, But she was edified by Ma'am Schnepperle's talking; Especially as the world said, she Was acquainted with astrology.

Notes.

Stanza 3. Swarm in the second line must be pronounced with the Irish r: swarm.

Stanza 8. To heft, was a vulgarifin in New England, in the translator's boyhood, meaning to test the heavines (heft) of a thing by lifting it.

Stanza 10. The book would appear to have been Lavater.

Stanza 14. Trumpet and pulpit make a fine affonanza.

Stanza 16. The reader will please remember the rule for scanning given in the preface.

CHAPTER IV.

How the child was baptized, and how he was named
Hieronimus.

- WHEN a few days more had also transpired,
 'Twas baptism plainly the infant desired,
 For his cries were piteous to hear,
 And caused his mother pain severe.
 - 2. Vainly they plied both breaft and bottle, Nor would fugar dollies stop his throttle, But he kept up one incessant shriek "Till one could no longer hear himself speak.
 - Therefore in Senator Jobs's habitation,
 Provision was made for the baptismal collation,
 And dishes of all sorts were made or sent
 That might adorn the sacrament.
 - 4. Twifts and rings and other fuch matters, Were baked for the fupper and piled on platters, Nor was there in wine, tobacco and beer, Certainly any deficiency here.
 - 5. Friends and relations, aunts, uncles and coufins, Nurses, acquaintances, neighbors by dozens, When the hour arrived, came pouring in, All smiling and dressed as neat as a pin.

- 6. That fexton and parson, with formulary, Were also there, you need not query, And the whole senatorial body, too, Had arrived at the house in season due.
- Many other guests also, by invitation,
 Came to this great and high celebration,
 And to Jobs's credit confessed it must be,
 That all passed off with propriety.
- However there rose a disputation
 About the infant's appellation;
 Whether Heinz it should be, or Peter or Hans,
 Or Jost or Jacob or Hermann or Franz.
- But none of these names, though full of attraction Seemed to give universal satisfaction, And matters might almost have passed From words to something worse at last,
- 10. Had not the parson, with wise discerning, Given this advice, like a man of learning, To examine the calendar, and see, Affixed to the birthday what name might be.
- 11. The calendar, without further question, Was straightway opened by the sexton, And there they found without any fuss, The name of St. Hieronimus.
- 12. Such a wife counfel to all the connection, To parents and godfathers gave great fatisfaction, And so the vote was unanimous, That the child should be called Hieronimus.

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- 13. And now when this weighty point was decided, The parson, in manner and form provided, Pronounced and performed the Actus, and thus The child was baptized Hieronimus.
- 14. All things thereafter went calm and cofy, Parfon and fexton waxed right rofy, And they did nothing elfe for almost half The night but eat, drink, smoke and laugh.

CHAPTER V.

How the little child Hieronimus occupied himself.

- WHILE yet in his fwaddling clothes, Hieronimusfy Passed his time in a manner sufficiently suffy, Slept, ate, sucked or drank, one after another, Or listened the lullaby sung by his mother.
 - a. His fleeping and eating, and fucking and drinking, Were much like other children's, to my thinking; Much time in rocking him also was spent, And yet for all that he was never content;
 - 3. But often would scream whole days together, And raise in the cradle a bitter pother, As if some terrible grief had affailed him, Though there was nothing on earth that ailed him.
 - 4. Some wife people have undertaken, With an air that implied they could not be mistaken, To affert that there must in these cases be (God save the mark!) some sorcery.
 - And fo the nurse and eke the physician Are called to pronounce on the child's condition, And many a dose of rhubarb and rum Is given, and sometimes laudanum.

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- 6. He thus became almost a burden to his mother, But he throve in this way as well as in any other, And every day, as it came along, Found him more fat and stout and strong.
- 7. Father and mother took therefore great pleasure In their darling child—their precious treasure, And many was the hearty buss They gave little Hieronimus.
- I have no further information
 Of the first few years of Jobs's earthly probation;
 And therefore it is best, I suppose,
 To bring this chapter here to a close.

Note.

Stanza 5." "What are you doing, mad mother! miserable nurse! when you pour this vile compound into the unstained snow of an infant's bosom! Know you not that paregoric is opium and rum? A composition that Samson could not have swallowed much of, unscathed." Sermon on Intemperance.

CHAPTER VI.

Actions and opinions of Hieronimus in his boyish years, and how he went to school.

- OF the other early years of our hero,
 I likewise can give no information that is thorough,
 Inasmuch as the course his life has run,
 Has been hitherto a very narrow one.
- 2. Consequently an account of his actions, Would possess no remarkable attractions; Suffice it to say, that while yet a boy, Eating and drinking were his chief employ.
- He had however his gifts as well as others,
 Preferred as playmates the girls to their brothers,
 Would often quarrel and teafe in play,
 And was noted for many a mischievous way.
- 4. Lying and fwearing he early took to, And learned them well without any book too, Whereby the neighbours' children round Much edification in his company found.
- 5. He had a fweet tooth, loved candy to diffraction, Likewise in nuts and raisins took great satisfaction, And all the money he got and spent, For something dainty and liquorish went.

- 6. With brothers and fifters he always was quarrelling, But his father never would give him a feruling, And as to his mother, poor, dear, good soul She never noticed fuch things at all.
- 7. All children of his age he could mafter, There was none of them could leap or run fafter, Not one of them was fo ftrong as he, And whoever provoked him had better let him be.
- And being a boy of great endowments,
 He was charged with many household employments,
 To foddering the cattle would sometimes see,
 And superintend the economy.
- 9. Sometimes he rode the horses to water,



Or a jug of beer from the tavern brought, or A fresh laid egg from the hennery, Or a goose's or duck's, as the case might be.

- 10. On the whole, was a fair, good-for-nothing fellow, Had a pair of lungs that could terribly bellow, And would act on a bench the preacher's part; All this went right to his parents' heart.
- 11. For they watched with a fecret gratification Hieronimus's talent in its manifestation, And often in their heads it would run: "There is the parson, sure as a gun."
- 12. Especially the mother, who remembered The Schnepperle's words, when she was chambered, And also the dream she formerly had, Could hardly contain hersels, she was so glad.
- 13. For all feemed to hang together so neatly, And express the matter so completely; And when she weighed all this, she could see The future parson as plain as could be.
- 14. Accordingly to school they sent him, To fit him for the station they meant him, Which pleased Hieronimus little enough, For he liked his play much better than such stuff.
- 15. He hated his lessons and never learned them, He threw his books on the sloor or burned them, And the a, b, abs and the o, b, obs They gave a head-ache to master Jobs.
- 16. 'Tis true, the preceptor did earneftly endeavour To recommend learning to his favour, And he and the rod in company, Worked away at his genius faithfully.

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- 17. This man had remarkable qualifications For giving felf-willed boys educations, And oftentimes on shoulder and back His cane came down with a mighty thwack.
- 18. Extraordinary efforts in this case were needed, But at length the Herculean labor succeeded, And Hieronimus his letters told, By the time he was about ten years old.
- 19. How old he may have been exactly, When he learned to read the German correctly, I am not at present prepared to state In a manner very accurate.
- 20. And when more years he began to reckon, From the German school the boy was taken, And to the Latin school was sent To learn his Latin; but how it went
- 21. With Hieronimus in his Latin, And how they fucceeded in getting that in, All this I promife faithfully, The reader shall in the next chapter see.

CHAPTER VII.

How the boy Hieronimus went to the Latin school, and bow he did not learn much there.



HIERONIMUS, pursuing the parental intention, Began now at Mensa his First Declension, And every important article taught In the Latin grammar he likewise got.

- Many vocables he also committed,
 But the poor Hieronimus was much to be pitied,
 For that cursed lousy Latin, he said,
 Would nowise get into his head.
- In Conjugations and Syntaxis,
 And generally in the Latin Praxis,
 It feemed as if the old Harry was loofe,
 And his body fuffered no little abuse.
- 4. For the Rector being a Hypochondriacus Showed no partiality to Hieronimus, But cudgelled him often as if he were mad, And many a skinfull he gave the poor lad.
- 5. By a fystem of teaching so painfully hurried, The youth almost to death was worried, And often wished (in terms uncivil) His grim old Rector would go to the d——1.
- 6. 'Tis true, full many a trick he played him, And richly for all the cudgellings paid him, In fact the man had a deal of fuss With the rogue of a Hieronimus.
- 7. For he cut up incognito all forts of capers With the old gentleman's perukes and papers, And fent full many a poisoned dart Right into the worthy man's heart.
- 8. He gave his schoolmates, too, much trouble, And brought them into many a hobble, For he hated them with hatred profound, And often knocked them flat on the ground.

- 9. No book of theirs, nor any garment Was fafe from the tricks of this torment, And many of his tricks were of that kind, That leave a very bad odour behind.
- 10. Sometimes he would act the eavesdropper, And catching a schoolmate at anything improper, Straightway he to the Rector reported the boy, And witnessed the slogging with heartfelt joy.
- 11. Lazy in brain and fore in body, At length he went home quite fick of study, And there for the most part his time passed by In unprositable inactivity.
- 12. Of his Greek I have nothing to fay at present, He found it exceedingly unpleasant, And the barbarous Tupto, Tupteis, Would turn Hieronimus' heart to ice.
- 13. Far be it from me, thought he, to dabble In fuch a jaw-cracking, Irish gabble, And as regards the Hebrew speech, He called it poison and kept out of its reach.
- 14. He made therefore no progress worth repeating, Save in lying and swearing and drinking and eating, And in the invention of an original cuss, Nobody could match Hieronimus.

NOTE.

Stanza 14. Cuss is Yankee for curse. (Note for foreign readers.)

CHAPTER VIII.

How Hieronimus's parents, with the Rector and other friends, took counsel what they should make out of the boy.

- Now when the boy in this state of distraction, Had passed some eighteen years and a fraction, And in fact was already half a head higher Than old Hans Jobs his sire,
- His parents began to be puzzled with cogitation About his future occupation,
 For it was high time fomething should be done With this most extraordinary son.
- First of all they put the Rector the question, Whether he could not make any suggestion As to his future destiny, And what he was best sitted to be.
- 4. Now this man would not diffemble in the matter, Nor with idle hopes the parents flatter, So he came out roundly and told the truth: "You can't make anything good of the youth.

- "Study is clearly not his vocation;
 It were wifer to try fome occupation;
 A Counsellor might of fuch a one be made;
 If not, it were well to put him to a trade.
- 6. "I have many a time in recitation Discovered with great commissration, That there's nothing in him that possibly could Do a respected public the least mite of good."
- 7. This speech, as may well be apprehended, The Jobsian couple grievously offended; They heaped upon it all manner of abuse And called the Rector a stupid goose.
- 8. In a council of friends the question was stated, And pro et contra rationally debated; Old Jobs looked as grave, and so did all, As if that house were the council hall.
- After they had been two-and-a-half hours in fession They compromised matters by this proposition: That the subject be postponed to a new term For nearer examination; meanwhile we adjourn.

CHAPTER IX.

How the gipfy Urgalindina was also consulted about Hieronimus, who understood the chiromantic art.

- AND now all the friends who the meeting attended, At Counsellor Jobs's, homeward had wended, When, as good luck would have it, one day, There came an old gipsy along that way.
 - From a very old family she was descended,
 Urgalindina was her name, she pretended,
 And Egypt, she said, was the country from which
 She came, and her mother was burned as a witch.
 - Men's actions and fortunes this woman predicted, When she the lines on their hands had inspected, And future things as clearly could trace As if they already had taken place.
 - 4. She had greatly delighted many a maiden By prophefying her approaching weddin', And indicated the bridegroom's name As if she had long been acquainted with the same.
 - 5. To many an heir beginning to be discontented,
 The speedy death of a rich uncle she hinted,
 And oh, how glad would such a one be,
 When his uncle died unexpectedly!

- 6. To many almost despairing spouses, Whose wives, alas! were the plagues of their houses, She came with welcome words of cheer And whispered a speedy deliverance near.
- 7. To many a dunce difagreeably fmelling Of musk and pomatum, she was often seen telling How, in spite of all his awkwardness, He would find some fair one his heart to bless.
- The words she chose were always so fitting That she hardly ever failed of hitting;
 Yet a cunning ambiguity
 Helped her out of many a perplexity.
- She had for each some special good story:
 To soldiers she prophesied powder and glory,
 To destitute epicures heaps of gold,
 The kingdom of heaven to matrons old.
- 10. With other arts she was also acquainted, But not all her singular merits prevented Her falling occasionally into sin, For she stole, incidentally, now and then.
- 11. In short her reputation rivaled in splendor, The same of the celebrated witch of Endor, At least in lying and chiromancy No gipsy woman was keener than she.
- 12. Now when Mrs. Jobs heard of her coming, She immediately went to find the woman, And at her door, just out of her reach, Addressed to her the following speech:

- 13. "My dear Mrs. Urgalindina, right glad am I to fee you on the prefent occasion, Madam, I've a son I beg that you would see, And pronounce on his suture destiny.
- 14. "I truft you will yield to our perfuafion, And without any equivocation or evafion Very candidly state to us, What is to be done with Hieronimus."
- 15. "Madam!" fhe answered, "I will do as directed, So soon as I his hands have inspected; I will then, as an honest woman, declare His future fortune, to a hair."
- 16. They immediately fent for Hieronimus, And Ma'am Urgalindina in a fomewhat ominous Tone, requested his right hand to see Which somewhat smutty happened to be.
- 17. The gipfy woman, with fearching vision, Examined all points with great precision, Measured the lines and the surfaces too, As chiromantists are wont to do.
- 18. For a moment or two she nothing uttered, At last like a Delphian Sibyl she muttered Something between her teeth a while, And prophesied in the following style:
- 19. "I've founded, my dear Hieronimus, I've founded, By the art in which I am perfectly grounded, Thy whole future deftiny, my fon! By that throat of thine and its mighty tone—

- 20. "Shall many a brazen villain be shaken, Many a slumbering sinner shalt thou awaken, So that the city far and wide, Shall by thy gifts be edified.
- 21. "Both good and evil shall feel thy protection, Thou shalt guard from body's and soul's destruction Both young and old, and great and small, A faithful and vigilant keeper to all.
- 22. "Thy wife teachings this city's population Shall one day hear with edification, And when thy mouth is opened to cry Aloud, no one shall make reply.
- 23. "I may not for the present, venture

 Any farther than this on thy suture to enter,

 But what I have said must now suffice,

 Go then, my son, now go and be wise."
- 24. Here Urgalindina her prophecy ended, Both father and mother, who had closely attended, Were entirely satisfied and filled with joy, To hear such prediction concerning their boy.
- 25. For in their minds already our hero Was clearly a parson in futuro, With this the prophecy seemed to agree, How could it be clearer possibly?
- 26. Off did Urgalindina hobble, When she had got a sumptuous fee for her trouble: They say she had scarcely got out of sight, When she laughed at parents and son outright,

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- 27. And now, to cover the Rector with confusion, Both Mr. and Mrs. Jobs came to the conclusion, That the beloved Hieronimus Should straightway become a Theologus.
- 28. In chapter Tenth, we shall therefore accompany Hieronimus to the Academy;
 But first we must stop awhile to tell
 What took place at the last farewell.

NOTE.

Stanza 2. The reader must be careful not to pronounce witch and which as if they were the same word, as school-boys sometimes do.

CHAPTER X.

How Hieronimus took leave of his parents and brothers and fifters, and started for the university.

- WHEN Hieronimus's departure was decided, Straightway he was fuperfluoufly provided With clothes, books, money and everything That is necessary to studying.
 - The family found some consolation
 In the labour and care of the preparation,
 But when the parting hour drew near
 On both sides was many a bitter tear.
 - The grave old Senator Jobs's bawling, Was just a regular caterwauling, And sobbing he gave a farewell kiss To his dear son Hieronimus.
 - 4. And he added also a fatherly bleffing, This counsel to the youth addreffing; "Farewell and attend to thy studies, my son, That we may have joy, when all is done!

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- 5. "If anything should ever ail thee (There may be times when money will fail thee,) Always write without fear to me, Whatever is wanting I'll send to thee!"
- 6. Hieronimus was, as may well be fuspected, By his father's words extremely affected, And promised always to let him know Whenever his purse should be getting low.
- Still worse was it with the poor mother
 Who did not undertake her grief to smother;
 Pierced through by forrow's bitter dart,
 She pressed her dear son long to her heart.
- At length the stepped aside a second,
 And to Hieronimus beckoned,
 And slipped into the hand of her sonny
 A little bag containing some money.
- This very pious motherly bleffing
 Was to Hieronimus deeply diffreffing,
 And not without many a heavy fob,
 He thrust the little bag in his fob.
- 10. Next came his brothers and lifters in rotation, Whom he, amidft piteous lamentation, Each by the hand successively shook, And now his departure Hieronimus took.
- 11. The weeping and wailing of the parents lasted For several days; the old man fasted To such an extent as utterly to refuse Wine, beer, tobacco and the daily news.

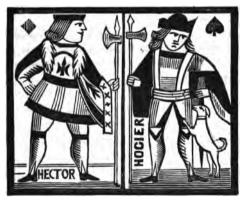
12. The greatest of all was the mother's trouble, She was almost inconsolable, But with the brothers and sisters, I hear, There was very much less danger to fear.

N. B.—The wood-cut that heads the next Chapter, admirably fulfils the Author's promise in Chapter I, 10. The double knave of cards expresses in emblem Hogier's gambling and double-dealing. One of them being knave of hearts alludes to the affectionate manner by which Hieronimus was taken in, while the hanging of the head (Kopshängerei) betrays the hypocrite; the other being the knave of diamonds, intimates how he took all the profits as well as honors. (Stanza 29.)

The Christian, or rather Pagan name Hector in the first card denotes the gay and brazen rogue, while that of Hogier in the second seems to refer to the koax, the humbug, he played off on Hieronimus.

CHAPTER XI.

How Hieronimus came on horseback to the post-station, and how he found at the inn a distinguished gentleman, named Herr Von Hogier, who gave him wholesome lessons, and was a knave.



AND now Hieronimus has finally departed;
The old house servant who was very kind-hearted,
Rode to the next village by his side,
Where he was to get into the postwagon to ride.

- Altho' now the departure had affected him fadly, Nevertheless he looked forward gladly To the beloved university, Where time passes off so pleasantly.
- Scarcely had he began to find himself out on the highway and Schildburg behind him,
 When he parents and brothers and fifters forgot,
 And was highly delighted at the thought,
- 4. That now henceforth, as a free student,
 He need be no longer so prim and prudent,
 And as to the grim old Rector and his rod,
 He was well rid of them, thank God!
- 5. It filled him with special exultation, He was richer than a king in his own estimation, When the money into his mind did come Which he had taken with him from home.
- 6. He thought and he felt with the greatest pleasure, Of the little bag, the precious treasure, From his highly afflicted mother received When she at parting so bitterly grieved.
- 7. And now, as all other pastime was wanting, He drew out the bag and fell to counting The money, and found to his happiness That the little bag contained no less
- Than thirty different pieces of money, All of filver, thick, heavy and shiny, Gilders and dollars manifold, Mostly of coinage rare and old.

- 9. His mother had faved them one after another, And for future emergencies laid them together, For not unjustly she had the name Of being an economical dame.
- 10. Then too the fervant who attended him By way of pastime occasionally handed him Some of the victualia His parents had provided to eat on the way.
- 11. Now when in this kind of occupation, Hieronimus had ridden fome hours in succession, Faint and weary he at length got down At the tayern of the aforesaid town.
- 12. Here indeed he found the postwagon In which to the university he was to jog on; But it so happened that the cart Was not at the moment ready to start.
- 13. Hieronimus first of all directed, That his nag to the stable should be conducted; The servant put some oats in the rack, And took the portmanteau off his back.
- 14. At the same time he began to be thinking, Of refreshing himself by eating and drinking, And soon to the table he found his way, And there grew strong and fresh and gay.
- 15. Now there was in the tavern a fellow lodger, With a great peruke, and a rich-looking codger, The man from diffant countries came, Herr Baron von Hogier was his name.

- 16. The stranger showed our hero much honour, And inquired who he was in a friendly manner; Hieronimus answered without demur, "I am a student, respected sir,
- 17. "At your honour's fervice, and right glad am I That I am going to the academy, There to ftudy diligently The science of theology."
- 18. "Ah! well, I wish you all the joy I can, sir!" The gentleman in the great peruke made answer, "But, I advise you, take great care That you do not get into trouble there.
- 19. "I in my time have had some knowledge Of the way they carry on at college; Many a young freshman throws away His time and money on cursed play.
- 20. "And many, instead of studying with application, Run into all manner of distipation, And waste their valuable time In many a folly, not to fay crime.
- 21. "My own experience can answer
 For this sad truth, indeed it can, fir:
 I beg you therefore to attend
 To what I say, on the word of a friend."
- 22. "Dear fir," Hieronimus responded, "I thank you for advice so candid, And the timely wisdom you have taught Shall never in all my life be forgot.

- a3. "At the fame time I will not difguife the truth, fir, Playing has great attractions for this youth, fir, But I have the honor to affure you that I, Whenever I do play, never play high."
- 24. "In moderate playing I fee no danger,"
 Politely answered the distinguished stranger,
 "One loses nothing, except ennui,
 And passes the time quite pleasantly.
- s5. "We, for example, here together, For the fake of amufing one another, Might play a little game," faid he, "With innocence and propriety."
- 26. Hieronimus, without the least suspicion, Accepted the gentleman's proposition, And was very willing to take a game Or two, until the postwagon came.
- 27. The thing was done as foon as decided,
 The hoft a new pack of cards provided
 And placed before his guefts, and ftraightway
 The two fat down and began to play.
- 28. They fet their stakes quite low in the beginning, But Hieronimus, led on by his love of winning, To mark up higher and higher begun, Because at first he regularly won.
- 29. But all on a sudden fortune deserted Our hero, with whom she had previously flirted, And the gentleman in the great peruke Both all the honors and profits took.

- 30. And thus Hieronimus had very foon parted With all the loofe money he took when he flarted, And now as his loffes came thick and faft, He drew out the little bag at laft.
- 31. And now Hieronimus began to grow frightened, For at every throw the bag was lightened, And it became very evident that luck Would smile on the gentleman in the great peruke.
- 32. In less than three-quarters of an hour the bleffing Of his poor dear mother was entirely missing, For the gentleman in the great peruke Had robbed him of all by hook and crook.
- 33. For the good Hieronimus had not detected, In fact he never for a moment suspected, That he was cheated by him of the great peruke, For Herr von Hogier had an honest look.
- 34. At laft he really began to Think of unbuckling his portmanteau, To ftake the little therein contained, Which would his resources have entirely drained,
- 35. But at that moment so highly ominous, The gentleman in the peruke and Hieronimus, Both heard on a sudden the postillion blow, As a signal for Hieronimus to go.
- 36. He felt a little reluctance at parting, Then suddenly and impetuously starting, He jumped up into the post-wagon and took Leave of the gentleman in the great peruke.

CHAPTER XII.

How Hieronimus took the Post-wagon, and bow he found therein a fair one with whom he fell in love, and who shole his watch.

- WILL now proceed with a narration
 Of what befel Hieronimus on leaving the station,
 For he is not rid of his troubles yet,
 But further obstacles are to be met.
 - a. The great peruke would ftill come gliding Into his thoughts as he went on riding, And he now for the first time began to see That the fellow no better than a knave could be.
- 3. His confcience kept up a terrible racket About the loss of the maternal packet, He fighed and groaned and wished bad luck To the gentleman in the great peruke.
- 4. He murmured so that people could hear him; But a beautiful damsel sitting near him, On whom his eyes till now scarce fell, Roused him from the melancholy spell.

- She feemed about twenty years—not older, Black eyes and hair and a very white shoulder, Rosy-red in mouth and cheek And, the truth in a single word to speak,
- 6. Her being was nothing but grace, appealing Irrefiftibly to the tenderest feeling. This fairy inquired, half in jest, What sorrow disturbed Hieronimus' breast.
- 7. Wherewith she pleasantly similed upon him, Which pleasant simile of her's quite won him. So that, as close by her side he sot, The loss of his packet he quite forgot.
- A glow of rapture kindled his fancies,
 For in her whole person and tender glances,
 A youth like him could not fail to find
 Something quite dangerous to his peace of mind.
- After less than half an hour's duration
 He had made, in best style, a declaration
 As fervent as ever a hero of romance
 Can make to his love by his author's hands.
- 10. She seemed to hear him with some predilection, At all events she made no objection, Hieronimus therefore edged up more near And began to whisper in her ear.
- II. I know not what further passed on the occasion Improper to mention in this narration, Suffice it, with both, the time passed by In sweet, considential familiarity.

- 12. When at last they came to the post-station She bade adieu with friendly protestation, But in what direction she went from here Shall by and by be made to appear.
- 13. When, after feveral hours had transpired Since the fair one from the carriage retired, Hieronimus for his watch looked round, That too had retired and was not to be found.
- 14. This fecond trick of fatal termination Was to Hieronimus a great aggravation, For he came to the conclusion that she who left So suddenly must have committed the theft.
- 15. Meanwhile nothing was left the good fludent But to exercise patience and be more prudent, In short he determined, come what might, To practise in suture more foresight.
- 16. He therefore formed a firm determination, So foon as he should come to the place of education, A letter to his parents to send, For a new watch and some money to spend.
- 17. At last without further molestation He arrived at the place of his destination, Behold therefore our Hieronimus Henceforward an Academicus.

NOTE.

Stanza 3. Luck must be pronounced in a certain provincial English style, to rhyme with peruke.

CHAPTER XIII.

How Hieronimus at the University did diligently study

Theology.

HIERONIMUS on his arrival, without hefitation, Received, stante pede, his matriculation,
And so became immediately
A studiosus of theology.

- a. At universities, from all points of the compass, Some to get knowledge and some to raise a rumpus, Great numbers of students together are flung, Large and little and old and young.
- And fo at this one from every nation
 Were many in fearch of an education,
 And many new ones came every year
 To profecute various studies here.
- 4. Exempli gratid, law and theology, Philosophy, medicine and cosmology, And whatsoever other fine arts Are needed to help them act well their parts.
- But most of them, instead of pondering
 Their studies, set themselves to squandering
 Their money, fared sumptuously every day
 And threw their precious time away.

- 6 Hieronimus who liked study no better than others, Soon joined himself to the merry brothers, And very shortly made it appear As if he had long been familiar here.
- 7. For he daily lived in Floribus
 As well as the best academicus,
 And many a precious night he spent
 In carrousing and bousing to his heart's content.
- Wine, beer and tobacco were his infpiration,
 And they gave his voice a fine inflation,
 When he with loud and mighty clang
 The gaudeamus igitur fang.
- 9. His fellows all who gathered round him The model of a faithful student found him, He lived as a bursch of high renown And great was his fame through all the town.
- 10. As to those three detested creatures, Philistines and Beadles and night-rogue-catchers, Hieronimus as a hero true Had often cudgelled them black and blue.
- 11. Many a Pereat he against them had vented, And with ludicrous tricks their peace tormented, And in these and various other ways As a renownist acquired great praise.
- 12. The fummer he spent in racing and riding, And in winter was continually sleighing and sliding, In short Hieronimus felt himself free To indulge in all manner of luxury.

- 13. Often he went on a pleafure pillage To one or another neighboring village, And mostly where he was likely to find Some fair one sociably inclined.
- 14. To breaking windows nightly he was addicted, Many tricks on young foxes inflicted, Dice and cards and billiards played, And not much progress in learning made.
- 15. In rows and riots he found great enjoyment, Sleeping in taverns was his daily employment, But twice in every month or fo, To college hall for a change would go.
- 16. Whenever impatient duns came after Their money, they were fent off with laughter, Or else in counterfeit money were paid, And very angry and foolish made.
- 17. His books and clothes he'd fell to pawnbrokers And spend the money with drinkers and smokers, In short there was none of his time could be Compared with him in deviltry.
- 18. To be fure he was often shut up in the Carcer, And there to the law was made to answer, And for his crimes on one occasion He barely escaped the relegation.
- 19. For three years long he had pursued this vocation, And often for money had made application To his parents, but his letters were worded so That they never suspected their son was such a go.

20. That no one in this could possibly be apter
Than Hieronimus we shall show in the next chapter,
Which gives of this queer correspondence a taste,
And therefore now close the present in haste.

NOTES.

Stanza 7. In Floribus, equivalent to our "living in clover."

Stanza 3. "Let us then rejoice while our youth is blooming!"

Stanza II. Pereat! is the opposite of Vivat!

Stanza 14. Foxes are freshmen.

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Stanza 18. The Carcer is the college prison. Relegation is dismissial.

CHAPTER XIV.

Contains the copy of a letter, which, among many others, the student Hieronimus did write to his parents



DEAR and Honored Parents,

I lately

Have fuffered for want of money greatly;

Have the goodness, then, to send without fail

Have the goodness, then, to send without fail A trifle or two by return of mail.

- I want about twenty or thirty ducats;
 For I have not at present a cent in my pockets;
 Things are so tight with us this way,
 Send me the money at once, I pray.
- And everything is growing higher,
 Lodging and washing and lights and fire,
 And incidental expenses every day—
 Send me the ducats without delay.
- 4. You can hardly conceive the enormous expenses The college imposes, on all pretences, For text-books and lectures so much to pay— I wish the ducats were on their way!
- 5. I devote to my studies unremitting attention— One thing I must not forget to mention: The thirty ducats—pray send them straight For my purse is in a beggarly state.
- 6. Boots and shoes, and stockings and breeches, Tailoring, washing, and extra stitches, Pen, ink and paper, are all so dear! I wish the thirty ducats were here!
- The money—(I trust you will speedily send it!)
 I promise faithfully to spend it;
 Yes, dear parents, you never need fear,
 I live very strictly and frugally here.
- When other students revel and riot,
 I steal away into perfect quiet,
 And shut myself up with my books and light
 In my study-chamber till late at night.

- Beyond the needful fupply of my table,
 I fpare, dear parents, all I am able;
 Take tea but rarely, and nothing more,
 For fpending money afflicts me fore.
- 10. Other students, who'd fain be called mellow, Set me down for a niggardly fellow, And say: there goes the dig, just look! How like a parson he eyes his book!
- But none of these things do I suffer to fret me;
 I smile at all they can do or say—
 Don't forget the ducats, I pray!
- 12. Ten hours each day I spend at the college, Drinking at the fount of knowledge, And when the Lectures come to an end, The rest in private study I spend.
- 13. The Professors express great gratification, Only they hope I will use moderation, And not wear out in my studiis Philosophicis et theologicis.
- 14. It would favor, dear parents, of self-laudation,
 To enter on an enumeration
 Of all my ftudies—in brief, there is none
 More exemplary than your dear fon.
- 15. My head feems ready to burst asunder, Sometimes, with its learned load, and I wonder Where so much knowledge is packed away: (Apropos! don't forget the ducats, I pray!)

- 16. Yes, dearest parents, my devotion to study Consumes the best strength of mind and body, And generally even the night is spent In meditation deep and intent.
- 17. In the pulpit foon I shall take my station, And try my hand at the preacher's vocation, Likewise I dispute in the college-hall On learned subjects with one and all.
- 18. But don't forget to fend me the ducats, For I long so much to replenish my pockets; The money, one day shall be returned In the shape of a son right wise and learn'd.
- 19. Then my Privatifimum (I've been thinking on it For a long time—and in fact begun it) Will coft me twenty Rix-dollars more, Please send with the ducats I mentioned before.
- 20. I also, dear parents, inform you sadly, I have torn my coat of late, very badly, So please enclose with the rest in your note Twelve dollars to purchase a new coat.
- 21. New boots are also necessary, Likewise my night-gown is ragged, very; My hat and pantaloons, too, alas! And the rest of my clothes are going to grass.
- 22. Now, as all these things are needed greatly, Please enclose me four Louis d'ors separately, Which, joined to the rest, perhaps will be Enough for the present emergency.

- 23. My recent fickness you may not have heard of, In fact, for some time, my life was despaired of, But I haste to affure you, on my word, That now my health is nearly restored.
- 24. The Medicus, for fervices rendered, A bill of eighteen guilders has tendered, And then the apothecary's will be, In round numbers, about twenty-three.
- 25. Now that physician and apothecary May get their dues, it is necessary These forty-one guilders be added to the rest, But, as to my health, don't be distressed.
- 26. The nurse would also have some compensation, Who attended me in my critical situation, I, therefore, think it would be best To enclose seven guilders for her with the rest.
- 27. For citrons, jellies and things of that nature, To fustain and strengthen the feeble creature, The confectioner, too, has a small account, Eight guilders is about the amount.
- 28. These various items, of which I've made mention, Demand immediate attention; For order, to me, is very dear, And I carefully from debts keep clear.
- 29. I also rely on your kind attention, To forward the ducats of which I made mention So soon as it can possibly be— One more small item occurs to me:—

- 30. Two weeks ago I unluckily stumbled, And down the length of the stairway tumbled, As in at the college door I went, Whereby my right arm almost double was bent.
- 31. The Chirurgus who attended on the occasion, For his balsams, plasters and preparation Of spirits, and other things needless to name, Charges 12 dollars; please forward the same.
- 32. But, that your minds may be acquiescent, I am, thank God, now convalescent; Both shoulder and shin are in a very good way, And I go to lecture every day.
- 33. My flomach is still in a feeble condition, A circumstance owing, so thinks the physician, To sitting so much, when I read and write, And studying so long and so late at night.
- 34. He, therefore, earneftly advises Burgundy wine, with nutmeg and spices, And every morning, instead of tea, For the stomach's sake to drink sangaree.
- 35. Please send, agreeably to these advices, Two pistoles for the wine and spices, And be sure, dear parents, I only take Such things as these for the stomach's sake.
- 36. Finally, a few small debts, amounting To thirty or forty guilders (loose counting), Be pleased, in your letter, without fail, Dear parents, to enclose this bagatelle.

- 37. And could you, for fundries, fend me twenty Or a dozen Louis d'or (that would be plenty), 'Twould be a kindness seasonably done, And very acceptable to your son.
- 38. This letter, dear parents, comes hoping to find you In usual health—I beg to remind you How much I am for money perplexed, Please, therefore, to remit in your next.
- 39. Herewith I close my letter, repeating To you and all my friendly greeting, And subscribe myself, without further fus, Your obedient son,

HIERONIMUS.

- 40. I add in a postfoript what I neglected
 To fay, beloved and highly respected
 Parents, I beg most filially,
 That you'll forward the money as soon as may be.
- 41. For I had, dear father (I fay it weeping),
 Fourteen French Crowns laid by in fafe keeping
 (As I thought) for a day of need—but the whole
 An anonymous person yesterday stole.
- 42. I know you'll make good, unasked, each shilling, Your innocent son has lost by this villain; For a man so considerate must be aware That I such a loss can nowise bear.

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43. Meanwhile I'll take care that, to-day or to-morrow, Mifter Anonymous shall, to his forrow And your satisfaction, receive the reward Of his graceless trick with the hempen cord.

NOTE.

Stanza 19. In college, pursuing an extra study with some Tutor is called taking a private; of course a privatissimum would be a very private course. See "College Words and customs."

CHAPTER XV.

Here follows a copy of the written reply of old Senator

Jobs to the foregoing letter.

- OLD Senator Jobs's answer (werbatim, Literatim atque punctatim)

 In form and manner as follows would run:
 Dearly beloved and hopeful fon!
- a. I am very happy to fee, by thy letter, That thy health and prospects are daily better, Nevertheless it causes me pain, That thou makest mention of money again.
- 3. It is scarce three months, O rarest of scholars!

 Since I sent thee a hundred and sifty dollars,

 I wonder, my son, thou considerest not

 Where in the world so much cash can be got.
- 4. I also learn, with lively satisfaction, That thou findest in study such great attraction, But it is with the highest concern I see That thou askest thirty ducats of me.
- Allow me, my fon, the observation,
 That, on the most liberal computation,
 A university residence
 Cannot be, with frugality, such an expense.

- 6. Most truly thou art right in saying That lectures and books are not had without paying, But it must take a great many to come To such an enormons, unheard-of sum.
- 7. For lodging and washing and lights and fire One cannot possibly require So much, and for paper and pens and ink A very few pence would suffice, I should think.
- I also perceive with gratification
 That thou keepest thyself from the contamination
 Of evil companions, especially by night,
 Thy books and chamber thy sole delight.
- 9. Likewise I am greatly pleased with thy drinking Nothing but tea,—but I can't help thinking: To one who pores over his books and drinks tea, What use can these thirty ducats be?
- 10. That other students for a niggard abuse thee May very properly amuse thee, For he who spends all that thou hast sigured, Deserves to be called anything but a niggard.
- 11. Let me advise thee to continue the attention To thy studies of which thou makest mention, That thy precious time and thy money, both, May be wisely spent and not wasted in sloth.
- 12. But mind, my fon, the advice of the physician, And beware of even a laudable ambition, For alas! too often we find it a rule That the greatest scholar's the greatest sool.

- 13. Thy purpose of preaching deferves commendation, Be diligent, therefore, in thy preparation, But from much disputation, when all is done, Precious little wisdom comes out, my son.
- 14. The use of a Privatissimum I can't conjecture, When one is already ten hours at lecture, And I comprehend it the less, as you say, There are twenty Rixdollars to pay.
- 15. But I waive all further commentary, For the money thou findest necessary In pursuing thy studies I gladly allow, And though it were three times as much as now.
- 16. According to thy story (no doubt a true one), Thou hast torn thy coat, and need'st a new one, Nevertheless the cloth must be superfine, To cost twelve dollars, or even nine.
- 17. But he that will study to be a pastor, Should not dress so much better than his Master, Therefore a somewhat coarser stuff Would make thee a coat quite good enough.
- 18. For other articles of wearing apparel About the four Louis d'or, I shan't quarrel, When night-gown, hat and trowfers wear out, New ones are necessary without doubt.
- 19. But if I must make, for all this raiment, And so forth, special and separate payment, What shall become, Hieronimus dear, Of the thirty ducats, to me is not clear.

- 20. I received with much feeling the information Of thy recent critical fituation, But to tamper with physic to such an extent, I must say, my son, is money mispent.
- 21. For I scarce ever knew of the rule failing,
 With young folks especially, that when one is ailing,
 Nature does better when left to herself,
 Than the best mixture on the apothecary's shelf.
- 22. The expense of the Doctor and his preparation Seems to me little less than an abomination, And I very seriously question: Can an apothecary or a Doctor be a Christian?
- 23. And as to the nurse's compensation
 Who attended you in your critical situation,
 'Twould have been enough if thou hadst given
 A single guilder instead of seven.
- 24. Unless she had previously shown thee attention Of another description which thou dost not mention, For this, dear son, I am forced to infer, From thy paying seven guilders to her.
- 25. And then the confectioner's bill of eight guilders— My fon, my fon! it almost bewilders Thy father's brain!—if thou hadst been wise, A dollar at most would now suffice.
- 26. For citrons, confits, and things of that nature, Administer no strength to the seeble creature, But oatmeal gruel and barley drinks Are better, far, for the sick, methinks.

- 27. To fall down flairs is highly injurious, See to it next time thou art not so furious To get to thy studies, but take more care, For it costs a great deal such damage to repair.
- 28. Thy furgeon has taken thee in completely, For our town-barber, who works fo neatly, Will, for twelve dollars, I'm told, reftore A broken leg as whole as before.
- 29. But I'm happy to hear of thy reftoration, For when the parson is in his peroration, His arm must be in a flexible state, That so he may pound and gesticulate.
- 30. I must further lament thy stomach's weakness Occasioned by thy recent sickness; My stomach, I'm sorry to say, is feeble From sitting so much at the Council-table.
- 31. Nevertheless my earnest advice is:
 Abstain from Burgundy wine and spices;
 A bit of slag-root now and then
 Will help thy stomach as much again.
- 32. Thou mentioneft "fome fmall debts, amounting To thirty or forty guilders, (loofe counting);" I've thought and thought and racked my brain To guess what debts those can be, but in vain.
- 33. Thou hast given already in specification, Item by item (outside calculation), And forty guilders, thou knowest full well, Upon my soul are no "bagatelle!"

- 34. And finally thou needest (for such thy pretence is),
 A dozen Pistoles for thy general expenses;
 No doubt it were very agreeable to thee,
 But to me inconvenient in the highest degree.
- 35. For as to any unexpected urgency Those thirty ducats will meet the emergency, These last dozen Louis d'or seem to me, In that view, a mere superfluity.
- 36. And as to the stolen crowns, thy suggestion, In point of delicacy, admits of a question, For truly the reparation were sorer to me Than the alleged robbery is to thee.
- 37. But, from this difagreeable fubject to pass on, Thy proposal to string the thief up sans façon Is by no means a Christian sentiment; Mr. Anonymous may one day report.
- 38. Befides, 'tis a matter of congratulation In these our days of illumination, I say it considentially in thy ear, Holy justice has grown less severe.
- 39. No one who chances a drawer to rifle, Need mount the double ladder for such a trifle, At least, in our wise Schildburg they say, Far greater rogues go clear every day.
- 40. When thou in future hast money in keeping, I advise thee to guard it with vigilance unsleeping, For nothing is so universal a subject of speculation As money deposited for preservation.

- 41. I and thy mother understand the thing better,
 Learn wisdom, therefore, from this present letter
 We always lock our cash up tight
 And anxiously watch it by day and night.
- 42. But to appeale thy present desire,
 And supply what immediate wants require,
 Be pleased hereby the moneys to find
 In a sealed linen bag, each separate kind.
- 43. Nevertheless, I must hint to thee, Hieronimus,
 That the times we live in are rather ominous,
 And it costs me many an anxious thought
 Where so much money can ever be got.
- 44. There's a very small trifle of business doing,
 Folks are so poor—scarce anything brewing
 In the honorable Council, and so
 My incomes, you see, are very low.
- 45. I shall, therefore, await with pleased expectation, The day of thy final graduation, Especially as, by this time, without doubt, Thou hast in every branch learned out.
- 46. For if thou should'st longer stay and study As diligently and dearly as thou hast already, I shall grow as poor as Job was once, Utterly unable to raise any more funds.
- 47. We all defire to welcome, greatly, Our learned fon in a ftyle right flately, Especially thy mother with joy Looks forward to the return of her boy.

- 48. I wish I had some news to write you, But things are mostly in quo fita; I go as usual, early and late, To the Council-room to deliberate.
- 49. There we have had in confideration, In pleno, many an alteration, Whereby our police affairs may be Administered judiciously.
- 50. Thy mother's teeth have troubled her greatly, But a diftinguished surgeon, lately, From foreign parts, came along one day, And took the troublesome teeth away.
- 51. A person is paying attention to your sister Gertrude, his name and title is Mister Procurator Geier, 'tis well under way, And Trudy grows taller every day.
- 52. Our old parson is always ailing, They think his health is decidedly failing, If this excellent man should be taken away, Thou mightest be our Parson one day.
- 53. Our wealthy neighbor's daughter Betty Sends hearty greetings—the girl is pretty, And neat and tidy, and would be A nice little parson's wife for thee.
- 54. Thy brothers and fifters all fend their greeting In the joyful hope of a speedy meeting, They are glad to hear of thy health and success, And, with wishes for thy happiness,

55. I remain,

Thy father (in course of natur), Hans Jobs, pro tempore Senater.

P. S. Write again at an early day, But spare thy allusions to money, I pray.

NOTES.

Stanza 40. Does not the last couplet seem almost prophetic?

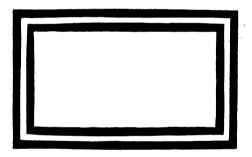
Stanza 43. N. B.—The rhyme in the first couplet is strictly copy-righted.

Stanza 48. The second line shows old Jobs a rare Latinist.

Stanza 49. In pleno-or, as we might fay, "in Committee of the Whole."

CHAPTER XVI.

How Hieronimus finished his studies, and how he journeyed home, and how it stood with his learning; neathy represented in the present engraving.



- SINCE, now, one cannot forever tarry
 At universities, it became necessary
 That after a space of three years had flown
 Hieronimus should prepare to go home.
 - 2. As his time of ftudy had now fully expired And his presence at home was very much defired, Immediately he set about Doing all that was needed to fit himself out.

- 3. His luggage required but a fhort time to pack it For faving boots, fword, waiftcoat and jacket, And whatever else on his body was seen, There was no other article, dirty or clean.
- 4. For books there was no need of asking about them, He could get along very well without them, And except a single sermon alone Not the least scripture did he own.
- 5. A friend had given him this as a present, And taught him to repeat it by labour incessant, That so, whenever an occasion transpired, He might preach easily at home if desired.
- 6. He thought with no little trepidation Of presenting himself to his parents in this fituation, For if in this manner he should appear, The state of the case would at once be clear.
- 7. At laft he concluded, that when they began to Inquire about his purse and portmanteau, He would make believe that somebody stole, On his journey home, the whole.
- 8. Also some fighs would start, quite ominous, How will it fare with thee, poor Hieronimus! When thou an examination shalt undergo, And show how much thou dost not know?
- Verily he was filled with remorfe and vexation So that he almost shed tears on the occasion, To think that for so much time and cost He had so little learning to boast.

- 10. But all his manœuvering, contriving and inventing, Wishing and sighing and groaning and grunting, Brought him no fort of peace at all, For the time was gone beyond recall.
- 11. Therefore, by way of alleviation, He fent out formaliter an invitation To his friends at the university, And gave them a valedictory spree.
- 12. Here then, once more, was a regular rollicking, Drinking and smoking and singing and frolicking, 'Till at last the dismal morning breaks, And Hieronimus his farewell takes.
- 13. Right heavily now his heart was shaken And bitter grief did the parting awaken, Yes, he really boohoo'd right out In the arms of the friends that crowded about.
- 14. Before, however, his final clearance, At the Professor's he made his appearance, Who gave him, for the ready money, An academic testimony.
- 15. It was not indeed quite creditable, But Hieronimus, who to read it was unable, (For it was written in Latin and Greek) Into his bag the paper did ftick.
- 16. We leave him, therefore, his journey purfuing Homeward, the reader meanwhile may be viewing, Prefixed to this chapter, a copper-plate That shows, as to learning, his real state.

CHAPTER XVII.

How Hieronimus, booted and spurred, returns to his friends.



- NE day when old Senator Jobs, after dinner, (For fuch was his accustomed manner,) With pipe in mouth, leaned back his head In the easy-chair and his newspaper read;
 - And meanwhile, Mrs. Jobs was making a pother In the kitchen, about fomething or other, And nobody dreaming of any harm, All on a fudden there rose an alarm;

- 3. For a stately rider, booted and spurry, Came riding up the street in a hurry, And straight at the house they heard, slam-bang, Somebody dismount with a terrible clang.
- 4. Like a knell in the family's ears it founded, Old Jobs let fall his paper, aftounded, And the pipe itself came near to break; And Mrs. Jobs was too frightened to speak.
- But foon from this panic in which they were taken,
 The rider did their fenses 'waken,
 As, in full traveling costume,
 He came at once right into the room.
- 6. The old folks apparently neither of them knew him, But he kept quiet and let them view him, Till at last the old man jumped from his chair To see his dear Hieronimus there.
- 7. I have not the qualifications in any meafure, To fing the exceeding and mighty pleafure Of the good old Senator at feeing his boy, He almost went out of his head for joy.
- The mother too, could hardly contain herfelf,
 Nor from kiffing his hands and feet reftrain herfelf,
 As foon as the faw that it must needs be
 Hieronimus, and none but he.
- They almost cried, in the overmeasure
 Of their very great and distressing pleasure,
 And the Welcome home! and the God be praised!
 Held on till a stranger had been half-crazed.

- 10. And Senator Jobs's remaining children Were also at hand, till it became quite bewilderin', They all of them seemed in a persect bother, For not a soul of them knew their brother.
- To hear what the children made of Hieronimus:

 One held him to be a diffinguished guest

 Who had just arrived from the East or West;
- 12. Another, on account of his fword and his dangerous dress and equipment, considered the stranger As one who bags up children small; This thought did the youngest particularly appal.
- 13. But very funny was it with Efther, Our Hieronimus's youngest sister, For she kept up a continual clack About her strange uncle from Gengenbach.
- 14. In the three years he had spent at college, His person had quite outgrown their knowledge, His belly had waxed exceeding thick And there was a deal of hair on chin and cheek.
- 15. It was not, therefore, a matter of wonder That they at first should make such a blunder, Especially as his student-dress Made it difficult, who he was, to guess.
- 86. A very tall hat with a very tall feather, Breeches and waiftcoat of yellow buck's leather, With a short cravat of some gray stuff, Disguised Hieronimus well enough.

- 17. Add to this a mighty great fword, fuspended From his left side, with which he defended His person from any sudden attack, Fit alike for a thrust or a thwack.
- 18. And then his look, fo martial and bloody, That seemed to threaten death to everybody; His hair hanging down in great masses too, And behind, a great pig-tail of a queue.
- 19. These and other arrangements I might mention, Soon attracted his father's attention, For a simple decorous black dress Would better have suited his parents, I guess.
- 20. Nor did Hieronimus's general behaviour Recommend him to old father Jobs's favour, Especially when he Hieronimus heard Venting curses at every word.
- 21. He gave him, therefore, to understand clearly
 That he must alter all this entirely,
 For surely a young Theologus
 Must never be heard to swear and cuss.
- 22. When a few moments after he asked for the coffer,
 Hieronimus did the information proffer,
 And swore to it most lustily:
 It was stolen from the postwagon, said he.
- 23. This disagreeable information

 Threw the father into great agitation,

 And he would immediately have begun

 To scold, but the mother excused her son;

- s4. Sne stepped between Hieronimus and his father, Saying, 'tis furely the misfortune rather Than any fault of our dear fon; So the old man submitted and was mum.
- 25. Meanwhile the neighbours were rapidly learning
 The news of Hieronimus's returning,
 From house to house the rumour flew
 'Till it was known the whole town through.
- a6. It feemed a weighty public matter,
 It kept the fireets in a conftant clatter,
 And at every cafual neighborly meeting
 "Hieronimus is here" was the very first greeting.
- 27. In universal congratulation,
 At Senator Jobs's habitation,
 The reft of the remaining day did wag
 And nothing more was thought of the bag.
- 28. Hieronimus feasted away quite cheery,
 For his journey had made him faint and weary,
 And he smoked till he emptied, as I can vouch,
 His daddy's great tobacco pouch.

NOTE.

In the wood-cut that heads this Chapter, the object on the left refembling a fcrew, as if to draw the rider along by an invisible wire, is presumed to be no more nor less than a mile-stone. The reader will please not let it disturb his dreams.

CHAPTER XVIII.

How Hieronimus now began to be clerical, and how he got a black dress and a peruke, and how he preached for the sirst time in the pulpit, &c.

- THE day after that to which we've been referring, When all in the house were up and stirring, And round the breakfast table they sat, Sipping their coffee in social chat,
- The father began to call attention
 As follows: Dear Son, it is proper to mention,
 That thy flyle of raiment hitherto
 Will for the future hardly do.
- And first and foremost must thou hasten
 That terrible sword from thy side to unfasten,
 Because a servant of the Lord
 Don't never sight except with the word.
- 4. Likewife the gray collar and waistcoat of leather
 And breeches and boots must be laid aside altogether,
 As also the mighty feather hat,
 For no clergyman is allowed to wear that.

- 5. For if this rig should be seen by any body, They would certainly cry out, "O Luddy! We've surely got a cuirassier, Instead of our suture parson, here."
- 6. Know also that a round peruke is fitter For a clerical head and looks much better, And a great deal more respectable, too, Than ropy hair and a pig-tail queue!
- It is therefore thy father's pleasure
 That the tailor should come and take thy measure,
 That he may make thee this very day
 A fuit of black without delay.
- 8. The peruke-maker has also had warning, To come, if you please, this very morning, To make thee a wig that thou mayst wear Over thy frowzy head of hair.
- It will make thee look respectable, very,
 But it is also necessary
 That thou shouldst leave off swearing to-day
 And endeavour to live in a clerical way.
- To the rational counfel of his father, But concluded to fulfil the defire Of his grave and venerable fire.
- II. Behold him, therefore, ere the day had expired, In full black dress and peruke attired, He was also in a white cravat arrayed By his mother's manu proprit made.

- 12. Thus clerically fitted out, he communicated To his parents that he meditated, God willing, in this livery To preach next Sunday publicly.
- 13. On the Sunday following Hieron'mus Did really preach in purfuance of his promife, And without special obstacle Got through his sermon very well.
- 14. For as we above, Chapter XVI., made mention, A friend had politely shown him the attention Of writing for him a sermon, which he Could now deliver conveniently.
- 15. 'Twas an excellent piece of composition, Choke full of wisdom and erudition, And smelt so of the study shelf That Hieronimus did'nt understand it himself.
- 16. His external appearance was likewise splendid, His arms and hands he mightily extended, And his tenor voice so strong and clear Went stately into the public ear.
- 17. His fermon was heard by many hundred,
 Who all at his talent greatly wondered,
 They nodded their heads and the whisper ran
 Through all the house: "What a wonderful man!
- 18. "Who on earth would have ever fuspected
 That anything like this could have been concocted
 Out of Jobs's dull Hieronimus?
 'Tis a perfect miracle to us!"

- 29. Likewise there was not a single relation Absent from the congregation, And every one thought: "Our cousin Jobs Looks remarkably well in his clerical robes!"
- 20. But 'tis vain to attempt to describe the elation
 Of the two good parents on this occasion,
 There cannot be a doubt, thought they,
 He's the greatest orator of the day.
- 21. When divine service had come to a termination,
 They adjourned to partake of a great collation,
 Given in Senator Jobs's house,
 Where all the relations went to carouse.
- 22. And while the dinner they were eating, Hieronimus' praife they were constantly repeating, And many a great glass of wine Was drunk to the health of our young divine.
- 23. The whole affembly was also unanimous
 That, under existing circumstances, Hieronimus,
 Who to-day had preached so brilliantly
 Before the present company,
- Must certainly next make bold to venture His name as candidate to enter, That so, in optima forms he Should Candidatus Ministerii be.
- 25. Tis true, as a preliminary,

 An Examen would be necessary,

 But the recent specimen showed that he

 Would find therein no difficulty.

- 26. Especially as the present incumbent was weakly, Old and infirm and somewhat sickly, Hieronimus might without any offence Enter the vacant parish at once.
- 27. That is, in case, by the bleffing of heaven, The parson should go the way of all living, For his feeble constitution gave place For suspicion that this would be shortly the case.
- 28. Hieronimus, overpowered by the folicitations And weighty reasons of his friends and relations, Gave, anxiously enough, God knows, His consent to what they did propose.
- 29. For the reft, he emptied with great pleasure Of liquor many a brimming measure, But when that Examen came into his head It struck his heart with a fort of dread.
- 30. At last his anxiety sought consolation In a regular fit of intoxication, Although old Jobs his displeasure made known, By repeatedly shaking his head at his son.

NOTE.

Stanza S. Frowny. This word is not frouny, which has a different meaning. Our word is found only in an old Dictionary in the Jobs family.

CHAPTER XIX.

How Hieronimus was examined for a Candidate, and how be made out.

- HOWEVER he stuck to his determination,
 And the clerify held a convocation,
 And every one came in his wig and robes
 To the examination of Hieronimus Jobs.
 - 2. But how he felt in view of his danger, Being to learning an utter stranger, And what an anxious face he made, The reader will not comprehend, I'm afraid.
 - 3. The scene is beyond my power of painting:
 If he ever in his life saw the hour for fainting,
 That hour at last was approaching now;
 Alas! thou poor Hieronimus, thou!
 - 4. Begin now, Miss Muse, an enumeration Of the clerical gentleman whom the examination Brought hither on the appointed day From every quarter of Swabia.

- The first, that was the Herr Inspector,
 In doctrine strong as a second Hector,
 A stately, pot-bellied man was he,
 Whom you saw at a glance an Inspector to be.
- This post was accorded to his singular merit,
 Its burdens he bore with a patient spirit,
 And, to say the truth, with a cheerful mood,
 And daily ate and drank what was good.
- And after him came the ghoftly Affesfor,
 A man whose breadth was somewhat lesser,
 But height much greater: he was spare of limb,
 And his disposition exceedingly grim.
- He not only the spiritual interests desended,
 But to matters of economy also attended,
 And drank only bad wine and beer,
 For his income was small and his habit severe.
- Then came Herr Krager, an oldish man rather, Who was very well versed in many a church father, And to prove a point could readily quote Whatever any one of 'em wrote.
- 10. Next Herr Krisch, polite as a Castilian, Who was, in Postils, a perfect postillion; Posted up in them as well as the best Parson the Swabian land possessed.
- 11. Next Herr Beff, a Linguist of great reputation, And a tolerable christian in walk and conversation, In lecturing a terrible bore, But always Orthodox to the core.

- 12. Next Herr Schrei, a man of great notoriety Alike in the pulpit and in general fociety, Free and eafy—had no wife, And led with his cook an exemplary life.
- 13. Next Herr Plotz, an angelic creature, In his youth of a fomewhat genial nature, But when to preach he once began He became a very pious man.
- 14. He kept his beloved congregation From vice and evil communication, Faithful in feason and out was he To admonish, when he had opportunity.
- 15. Next Herr Keffer, who never could tire In following his sheep through mud and mire, But alas! in his flock, beside the lambs, Were likewise many stiff-necked old rams.
- 16. Sometimes, to get them to follow his leadings, He inflituted legal proceedings, For he understood the jura of the state As well as the very best advocate.
- 17. Besides those named in the above enumeration, Other clerical gentlemen attended the examination, Whom I neither need nor can Particularly designate man by man.
- 18. Now when the reverend and ghoftly faces Had all come together in their places, Præmiffis præmittendis, they Round a great table sate straightway.

- 19. With trembling and quaking came Hieronimus
 Before this affembly of white bands so ominous,
 And scraped a greeting submissively,
 Oh, woe, Hieronimus! woe on thee!
- 20. First and formost inquired the Examinatores About his previous manners and mores, And presently asked him whether he Had a certificate from the university?
- 21. Hieronimus, without hefitation,
 Handed the inspector the attestation,
 Who read the same immediately:
 Alas! Hieronimus, woe on thee!
- 22. Tis true, the document was worded, In Latin and Greek, as above recorded, And consequently not easy to read, But unfortunately, as ill luck decreed,
- 23. The Inspector made out, in a free translation To give a substantial interpretation, For no other clergyman in the hall Dared undertake the task at all.
- 24. To leave no breach in this narration, I will now give the reader full information, What Hieronimus' certificate, Word for word, did properly flate.
- 25. First the name and title of the Professors, And then in larger hand, the letters L. B. S., and the meaning of them Was Letteri Benevolo Salutem!

- 26. "Forafmuch as Herr Hieronimus Jobsius As Theologiæ Studiofus, During three years' and fome weeks' space Had his residence in this place,—
- 27. "And the same now has it in contemplation
 To take his leave, and has made application
 For a written certificate to me,
 A step of great propriety,—
- 28. "I could not refuse his reasonable desires, But give hereby the attest he requires, That the same did every quarter of a year Once at my lecture-room appear.
- 29. "Whether the reft was devoted to fludy Himfelf knows better than anybody, For I in this official report Affert and testify nothing of the fort.
- 30. "And as to general behaviour,

 There is not much to be faid in his favour,

 Entire filence on that point would be

 The part of christian charity.
- 31. "For the rest I have only to say, God speed him.
 On his journey home, and may heaven lead him,
 When all these earthly troubles are past,
 To the place where he belongs at last!"
- 32. How the eyes of the learned body distended When the reading of this document ended, And that Herr Hieronimus did not laugh The reader can imagine readily enough.

- 33. However on all hands it feemed better For this once to overlook the matter, And for charity's fake to find all the good In the testimonial that they could.
- 34. For the gentlemen wisely recollected How many of their tricks had not been detected, And how if they had, it had fared with them, And so they proceeded at once ad rem.
- 35. The Herr Inspector he led off, Clearing the way with a mighty cough, Repeated thrice, thrice did he stroke His portly paunch and then he spoke:
- 36. "I, for the time pro tempore Inspector And of the clergy present Director, Ask you: Quid sit Episcopus?"

 Straightway replied Hieronimus:
- 37. "A Bishop is, as I conjecture, An altogether agreeable mixture Of sugar, pomegranate juice and red wine, And for warming and strengthening very fine."
- 38. The Candidate Jobs this answer making,
 There followed of heads a general shaking!
 And first the Inspector said, hem! hem!
 Then the others secundum ordinem.
- 39. And now the Assessor began to inquire:
 "Herr Hieronimus! tell me, I defire,
 Who the Apostles may have been?"
 Hieronimus quick made answer again:

- 40. "Apostles they call great jugs, I'm thinking, In which wine and beer are kept for drinking, In the villages, and from them oft By thirsty Burschés liquor is quassed."
- 41. The Candidate Jobs this answer making,
 There followed of heads a general shaking,
 And first the Inspector said, hem! hem!
 Then the others secundum ordinem.
- 42. Herr Krager now in his turn stood ready:
 And "if you pleafe, Herr Candidate," faid he,
 "Inform me who was St. Augustin?"
 Hieronimus answered with open mien:
- 43. "The only Augustine of whom I've any knowledge
 Is the one I used to know at college,
 Augustine, the beadle of the university,
 Who often before the Prorector cited me."
- 44. The Candidate Jobs this answer making, There followed of heads a general shaking, And first the Inspector said hem! hem! Then the others secundum ordinem.
- 45. Now followed Herr Krisch at once and requested To know "of bow many parts a sermon consisted, In other words, how many divisions must there be, When it is written ruleably?" said he.
- 46. Hieronimus having taken a moment to determine, Replied; "There are two parts to every fermon: The one of these two parts no man Can understand, but the other he can."

- 47. The Candidate Jobs this answer making, There followed of heads a general shaking, And first the Inspector said hem! hem! Then the others secundum ordinem.
- 48. Herr Beff the Linguist continued the examination,
 And defired of Herr Hieronimus information:
 "What the Hebrew Kibbutz might be?"
 Hieronimus's answer was somewhat free:
- 49. "I find in a book to which I've paid attention, Sophia's tour from Memel to Saxony, mention, That she to the surly Kibbutz fell Because the refused the rich old swell."
- 50. The Candidate Jobs this answer making, There followed of heads a general shaking, And first the Inspector said hem! hem! Then the others secundum ordinem.
- 51. Next in turn it came to Herr Schreier, Who did of Hieronimus inquire, "How many classes of angels he Considered there might properly be?"
- 52. Hieronimus answered, "He never pretended With all the angels to be acquainted, But there was one of them he knew On the Angel-Tavern sign, painted blue."
- 53. The Candidate Jobs this answer making, There followed of heads a general shaking, And first the Inspector said hem! hem! And the others secundum ordinem.

- 54. Herr Plotz proceeded with the interrogation:

 "Can you give, Herr Candidate, an enumeration

 Of the concilia accumenica?"

 And Hieronimus answered! "Sir,
- 55. "When I at the university did study I was often cited before a body Called a council, but it never seemed to me To have anything to do with economy."
- 56. The Candidate Jobs this answer making, There followed of heads a general shaking, And first the Inspector said, hem! hem! Then the others secundum ordinem.
- 57. Then followed his spiritual lordship, Herr Keffer,
 The question he started seemed somewhat tougher,
 It related "to the Manichean heresy
 And what their faith was originally."
- 58. Answer: "Yes these simple devils Did really think that without any cavils, Before my departure, I should pay them off And in fact I did cudgel them soundly enough."
- 59. The Candidate Jobs this answer making, There followed of heads a general shaking, And first the Inspector said, hem! hem! Then the others secundum ordinem.
- 60. The remaining questions that received attention For want of room I omit to mention; For otherwise the protocol Would exceed seven sheets, if given in full.

61. For there were many questions, dogmatical, Polemical and hermeneutical, To which Hieronimus made reply

In the manner above, successively.

- 62. And likewise many questions in philology And other sciences ending in ology, And whatever else to a clergyman may Be put on examination day.
- 63. When the Candidate Jobs his answer was making, There would follow of heads a general shaking, And first the Inspector would say hem! hem! Then the others, secundum ordinem.
- 64. Now when the examination had expired, Hieronimus by permifion retired, That the case might be viewed on every side, And the council carefully decide:
- 65. If concience would advise the admission Of Hieronimus to the position And class of candidates for the Holy Gospel ministry.
- 66. Immediately they proceeded to voting, But very foon, without much difputing, The meeting was unanimous That, under the circumftances, Hieronimus
- 67. Would not perfift in his application As a candidate for ordination, But for special reasons they thought it best, To let the matter quietly rest.

68. In fact for years it was kept fo private, No ftranger ever heard anything of it, But everybody early and late Held Hieronimus for a candidate.

Notes.

Stanza 48. Kibbuts is a corruption for the Hebrew letter Koph.

Stanza 49. Kibbutz is also a name for the Owl,

Stanza 57. The German students nickname their creditors Manichauss.

CHAPTER XX.

How the author submissively begs pardon, that the former chapter was so long, and how be promises that the present one shall be so much the shorter; a chapter of which the rubric is longer than the chapter itself, and which might be omitted without injuring the story.



HEARTILY beg the reader's pardon,
The previous chapter was such a long and hard one,
The present chapter, dear reader, shall be
So much the shorter, I promise thee.

CHAPTER XXI.

How Father Jobs the Senator did deliver Hieronimus a fermon of rebuke, and how he dies of chagrin.

THE reader should have seen the consternation
That rose in Jobs's habitation,
Because the Examen did not transpire
Entirely in accordance with the general desire.

- 2. But what then did Hieronimus's father?
 Dear reader! pray ask me, what didn't he do rather?
 He seized Hieronimus by the nape
 Of the neck, and said to him, "Thou scape-
- 3. "grace! is't for this I fuch kindness have done thee And lavished whole handfulls of money upon thee, "Till I almost myself a poor man became, To reap only mortification and shame?
- 4. "Had'ft thou but studied with application And behaved in a manner worthy of approbation, Thou wouldst without doubt at this time be A Candidatus Ministerii.
- 5. "And wouldft get a parish soon and be famous; But now thou art only an ignoramus, Who nothing of theology knows, And all his life long breadless goes.

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- 6. "Thy mother and I were often expressing Our hopes that thou wouldst be one day a blessing To our old age, but oh, what a cuss Thou hast proved, thou vile Hieronimus!
- "All that thou used to write of thy doing,
 How many studies thou wast pursuing,
 And that none in diligence equalled thee,—
 Was a pack of lies, as I now can see.
- "And all that was faid of thy privatifimo And about the ten hours in collegio, How kind the professors were to thee, And thy solitary drinking of tea;
- "Item, of all the various learning
 With which thy head was in danger of turning,
 And thy meditation late at night,
 And of other similar things a sight;
- 10. "And about thy stomach becoming so feeble By bending over the study table, The whole of it, as I now find, Was nothing at all but lies and wind.
- 11. "Oh that I only had liftened in feafon To our good Rector's counfel and reafon, Who very clearly intimated to me, That nothing good could be made of thee.
- 12. "Then had been spared a vast deal of money
 And many a good round patrimony,
 Which thou, good-for-nothing scoundrel, I say,
 At the university hast tippled away!"

- 13. Such, as the fon flood trembling before him, Was the fermon with which old Jobs did fcore him, In fact his anger had rifen fo quick That at first he came near using the stick.
- 14. Meanwhile as foolding and getting furious Is generally to health injurious, As might be imagined very well, The good old man into a fever fell.
- 15. In his well days, when younger and tougher, Severe attacks of gout he would fuffer, His Counfellor's office, good living and ease Predifposed him to this disease.
- 16. But now all at once his pains forfook him, And in the heart the Podagra took him, And after four-and-twenty hours He emigrated from this world of ours.
- 17. No end was there now to the grieving and groaning, The house all wringing their hands and moaning, And even Hieronimus's grief Hardly admitted any relief.
- 18. The reader, I fear, would foon be yawning, If I should describe these scenes of mourning Any farther, I therefore cease And leave poor old Senator Jobs in peace.

CHAPTER XXII.

How Hieronimus almost became Tutor to a young Baron.

- ALTHOUGH a fortnight had now expired Since Senator Jobs to his rest retired, The thought of the widow Jobs still ran At times on her dear departed man.
- 2. Hieronimus meanwhile took his fodder Up to this time at the house of his mother, And would gladly in such idleness Have passed his entire life, I guess;
- Had he not received a proposition
 To look about for a change in condition,
 Whereby he might, in the time to come,
 Get his living more properly than at home.
- 4. For it was all over with the expectation Of getting, as parson, a situation, So soon as this most heinous dunce Had preached in each village his fermon once
- 5. Since now many men of great importance Began as tutors to make their fortunes, It entered into Hieronimus's view That he would be tutor somewhere, too.

- 6. And fortune seemed not unpropitious

 To Hieronimus's wishes,

 For about two months from that time or three

 He heard of a fine opportunity.
- 7. For a neighboring nobleman, (here nameless) Advertised for a tutor of character blameless, Who for low board and 8 guilders should come And teach the young baron, his only son.
- Religion, morality, five kinds of languages
 Reading and writing and fuch like appendages,
 Philosophy, physic, geography,
 Arithmetic, history, poetry.
- 9. Drawing and dancing and riding and fencing And other accomplishments needless to mention, These were the branches, every one To be taught for 8 guilders to the baron's son.
- 10. The Candidate Hieronimus was defired To call on his grace, who at once inquired, Whether the faid Hieronimus was the one Who for eight guilders would teach his son?
- 11. Hieronimus made answer: "Gracious "Sir, it is exceedingly vexatious To be a tutor, and eight guilders would be In my opinion quite a small fee;
- 12. "However to do your grace a pleafure, I will at once fall in with the meafure, And fee forthwith what can be done, In the way of inftructing the baron your fon."

13. And so was completed the negotiation, When, contrary to all expectation, One little difficulty occurred, Which may be stated in a word:

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- 14. Whether Hieronimus in the things defired, Could undergo the examination required, Which he would be obliged to teach every one, To the young baron, the nobleman's fon?
- 15. But it foon appeared indifputable, That Hieronimus was not able Himfelf, to understand a single one Of the things he was to teach the nobleman's son.
- 16. He therefore received a quiet difmiffion And jogged home again in an unpleasant condition Of mind, and vented his curses upon The tutorship and the nobleman's son.
- 17. His grace now right and left inquired Whether another could possibly be hired, Who for the fum of eight guilders would come And teach the young baron, his only fon.
- 18. Whether he has found it in his power To obtain such a person up to this hour For eight guilders, I never could learn, In fact it's a thing wherewith I've no concern.

CHAPTER XXIII.

How Hieronimus became domeflic scribe to an old gentleman, who had a chambermaid, named Amelia; and how he behaved himself well till the following chapter.

- A MONG all the fundry and manifold stations
 Of those who dwell in these earthly habitations,
 Without any doubt we may safely call
 The widow's estate the saddest of all.
 - a. When the man, as the head of the woman, is taken Away, the whole body appears for faken By its natural protector quite, And nothing in the house goes right.
 - The family is straitened and harassed,
 The household economy greatly embarassed,
 And all is care and forrow below
 And earth becomes a vale of woe.
 - 4. Poor Mrs. Jobs, alas! was fated
 To experience the truth just stated,
 For all went crab-wise in the house
 And she became as poor as a church mouse.

- Of course Hieronimus made his contribution To the general stock of destitution, For he lived as gentlemen of leisure do, Ate well and drank still better, too.
- 6. Meanwhile fuch housekeeping every hour To the worthy widow grew more and more sours. And no one feature in it was wuss Than the board of Hieronimus.
- 7. His own conviction grew daily stronger, That things could not go on so much longer, And he therefore began to look round To see if another opportunity could not be sound.
- As, now, in general, the rogues and the dunces
 Find in this world the very best chances,
 It happened that an opening offered again
 For Hieronimus with a nobleman.
- This gentleman lived on his plantation In a quiet and retired fituation, And there, as a genteel cavalier Spent his large income with plaifir.
- 10. He is mentioned, in his youth, as engaging In the feven years' war which then was waging, But he staid in garrison mostly, it is supposed, And his person was very little exposed.
- 11. But he was very glad when the war was over, Being of peace an exceeding lover, In fact, as a brave man and wife one, too, He anticipated it, and withdrew.

- 12. And yet he loved to dwell on the story Of the battles that had covered him with glory, And how when once he had bravely fought In the retreat he was almost caught.
- 13. For the rest he was a man of sportive habits, Shot occasionally hares and rabbits, Drank at dinner Burgundy of his own, And lived without any wife alone.
- 14. He was, in so far, an old bachelor; however He had in the place of a wife a clever Chambermaid, who early and late On his urgent necessities did wait.
- 15. He had gradually as he felt himself growing older, Slipped all care of business off his shoulder, But he had of servant men a pair Who of all things took faithful care.
- 16. The one of them was a fly old foxy, Steward of the house and general proxy, And the other Mr. Servant, he Was one they called a secretary.
- 17. The steward at the time of which we're speaking, Still lived and found in his office good picking, For he took good care of chest and shelf, Thought less of his master and more of himself.
- 18. But the above mentioned fecretary

 They had had, fome days before, to bury,

 Because he was dead, which caused there to be
 In this weighty office a vacancy.

- 19. Now the steward aforesaid had long been acquainted With Hieronimus's parents, and therefore painted, As a true and accommodating man, Hieronimus in the best colors he can.
- 20. And very earneftly recommended him,
 And shortly in persona presented him
 To the damsel and the old gentleman, too,
 As the most capable secretary he knew.
- 21. The chambermaid found his person quite striking, And took to him considerable liking, She therefore promised, faithful and true, To speak the best word for him that she knew.
- 22. The moment she saw him she liked him very Much better than the previous secretary;

 For Hieronimus was tall and strong,

 But his predecessor was lean and long.
- 23. Since now, the old gentleman, as we made mention, Honored the damfel with his principal attention, He with favour her application heard, And gave Hieronimus a nobleman's word.
- 24. And further to show him the greater honour, He invited him the first day to dinner, And then the old gent, when dinner was done, Said to him in a friendly tone:
- 25. His duty would confift in attending To the live flock and feeing what wanted mending, And whatever was to be written, he Would write as private feeretary.

- 26. And if now this official duty Hieronimus did faithfully execute, he Would pay him, as a falary, Forty rix-dollars annually.
- 27. "If you like these conditions (said he,) you can tarry With me sub titulo house-secretary, And I also promise you, if true, Many additional perquisites, too;
- 28. "But never go hazing, now remember,
 With the damfel that takes charge of the chamber
 For such proceedings will bring you into difgrace,
 I tell you dryly to your face.
- 29. "The late, deceafed house-secretary, Was fond of damsels and young women very, And I was very much mortisted to find That he to my maid was secretly inclined.
- 30. "I should, therefore, at once have cashiered him And without ceremony cleared him Out, but I saw he was weak and slim, And so overlooked the fault in him.
- 31. "The girl, in truth, is fly and witty, But somewhat deceitful, more's the pity, And indeed I have often suspected that she Was given to all sorts of monkery.
- 32. "I accidentally fell in with her Five years ago, as we journeyed together; I was pleased with the manner of the jade, And so I took her for my maid.

- 33. "For the reft, without a fingle queftion, You will hear now my concluding fuggestion; For I tell you finally once for all, Have nothing to do with Amelia at all!"
- 34. Hieronimus must have been half-witted, Had he not on the conditions above submitted, Accepted very willingly The part of private secretary.
- 35. He therefore entered on his office right gaily, And faw to the cows and the fences daily, And many notes he daily took And wrote in the memorandum book.
- 36. For example: packets that came by the stages, Money paid out for servants' wages, The hares that were shot and the turkey cocks, And when they picked the old gentleman's locks.
- 37. Or what the house advocate got for his pleadings, Or the judge obtained by extra proceedings, Or what amount at the market was paid For butter and cheese in lawful trade.
- 38. Or what Amelia's dreffes cost to cut 'em, Or lengthen 'em out at the top and bottom, Or widen 'em an inch and a-half, Or when the cow had had a calf.
- 39. Or when the worthy damfel had needed On account of fever to be bleeded, Or a hen had laid an egg; in short, All incomes and outgoes of every fort.

- 40. And where any letters needed inditing, The old gentleman, who was no hand at writing, Threw all upon Hieronimus, Who managed it all without any fuss.
- 41. With the help of Talander he wrote them fafter
 And quicker by far than any schoolmaster,
 (And spent less time about them too)
 Than any schoolmaster I ever knew.
- 42. The rest of the time he spent at his leisure,
 Ate and drank and slept at pleasure,
 So that he hoped he should never give up,
 As long as he lived, this secretaryship.

NOTE.

Stanza 41. Talander was probably fome well-known author of a "Letter-writer." The original fimply mentions his Brieffteller.

CHAPTER XXIV.

How curious things befel the Secretary Hieronimus, and he was driven away.

INDULGENT reader! our old forefathers
Were furely not dunces above all others,
Far oftener will it rather be found
That they had notions both wife and found.

- 2. And many a time we find them giving To us their posterity rules of good living, And proverbs full of excellent stuff, Which prove their wisdom plainly enough.
- 3. There is one old proverb much celebrated, And in all countries circulated, Of which the truth and certainty lies, Every day, before everybody's eyes.
- 4. Namely: "whoever can bear in fuccession A long unbroken continuation Of nothing but prosperous days, the same Must be gifted with a very strong frame."
- The truth of this old proverb, thus early,
 Will in the prefent chapter clearly
 Make itfelf manifest to us
 In the case of Hieronimus.

- 6. He lived like a prince, as much a stranger To want, as a rat in a well filled manger, Went early to bed and slowly crept From the feathers on which he so cosily slept.
- 7. There was nothing in fact to his comfort wanting;
 Only one thing his mind would be haunting,—
 The image of the damfel always was nigh,
 Whom he daily ogled with loving eye.
- And in her looks and her whole expression
 He thought he was able to read a confession
 That she with him, the secretary,
 Was in love, likewise, mortally.
- And often, too, when he looked more nearly
 Into her face and studied it clearly,
 It always seemed to him more and more
 As if he had seen her somewhere before.
- Despite the old gentleman's prohibition,
 He ventured now on a declaration,
 And soon the knot of intimacy was tied
 As close as if they were bridegroom and bride.
- 11. But, in the old gentleman's presence, he never Seemed to take any notice of her whatever; And very great care he always took Not to excite suspicion even by a look.
- 12. Nevertheless, when alone together They had many sly jokes with one another, And there passed not seldom a friendly buss 'Twixt Amelia and Hieronimus.

- 13. That she meanwhile the old gentleman flattered
 Before his face, it nothing mattered
 To the secretary, who held her free
 For all this empty flattery.
- 14. In return for all his friendly attention She gave him gifts too numerous to mention, Shirts and handkerchiefs, gloves and rings, Caps and cravats and all forts of things.
- 15. Once, on a time, when he had occasion In his regular official vocation, Some writing for her to despatch, She handed him a first-rate watch.
- 16. He thanked her for it very fincerely, But when in his hand he held it more nearly, He cried: "Pota taufend Element! I'm fure, I must have seen this watch before!"
- 17. Amelia was startled beyond expression, But made forthwith a candid confession, That the watch in question, as a present, she Had received from a student formerly.
- 18. "How things do often happen queerly, We fee in this inflance very clearly," Replied Hieronimus; "for certainly That student you before you fee."
- 19. And fo they both now calculated That five years back their acquaintance dated, And the watch that was stolen so long before The damsel made a joke of,—— no more.

- 20. And both of them now made themselves merry, And thought the joke was comical very, That, after travelling so far round, The watch should in the right hands be found,
- 21. For the rest there was nothing very surprising
 In the chambermaid's not recognizing
 In the secretary and candidate,
 The student she met in that dismal state.
- 22. This laughable affair, however,

 Made them henceforth better friends than ever,

 And the flirtation they carried on

 Made a perfect fool of the old gentleman.
- 23. Their intercourse, in its familiarity, Soon took on an air of bold hilarity, Till their courting and coquetting came to be Almost undisguisedly free.
- 24. If the damfel in cellar or garden was working, Mr. Secretary near fomewhere was lurking, In kitchen and chamber and all about He ftill tagged after her in-doors and out.
- 25. And even at night, when she was not fussing About the old man, (for he needed much nursing), Hieronimus sometimes went
 On a visit to her apartment.
- 26. Also, in writing and noting, to guide him Amelia constantly sat beside him, In fact, whether sitting or standing, she Was at his side incessantly.

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- 27. With many a tit-bit of dainty favour
 From the old man's table she did him favour,
 And was there calve's-head or the like of that,
 He always got the marrow and fat.
- 28. And fometimes she would bring him, on Sunday, Privately, from the cellar, a slask of Burgundy, Which Hieronimus would drink At a couple of swigs, and never wink.
- 29. Thus did the days of the house secretary, Hieronimus, glide away, quite merry, No reverend prelate could possibly Lead a more jolly life than he.
- 30. But it foon appeared that this fituation Of things could not be of long duration, For gradually the transaction began To grow more clear to the old gentleman.
- 31. And instead of laughing, in such cases,

 He now began to make sour faces,

 And he gave them to understand clearly enough,

 That he would not have any more of this stuff.
- 32. And he added, in a manner not very Gentle, to Mr. Secretary, If he did not all intercourse with Amelia quit, His walking-ticket he soon would get.
- 33. Hieronimus affured him on his honour, He had not behaved improperly in any manner, And he would not, if his Highness preferred, Exchange with Amelia another word.

- 34. "Well! in that case, you may tarry
 As long as you please, and be secretary
 All your life to me," replied
 The old gentleman, somewhat mollisied.
- 35. Although now, from this time Hieronimus Carried on his tricks as flyly as any mouse, With the damsel, by day and night, And did more diligently than ever write;
- 36. Nevertheless, not many days after, Occurred an adventure too serious for laughter, When the old gentleman who, it seems, Was troubled with uncomfortable dreams,
- 37. Rose and went up, as was his custom, To call Amelia who nursed him, That the damsel by her friendliness Might drive away his sleeplessness,
- 38, Lo and behold! a mighty wonder!
 For there, by fome unexpected blunder,
 Whom should he, to his amazement, see,
 But Hieronimus, the secretary!
- 39. Himmel! taufend Element! potz donner! The old gentleman fwore in some such manner, And from the house, the self same night, Hieronimus was forced to take flight.
- 40. No begging nor praying the matter mended; The thing was done and there it ended, And the old man's wrath was such that the maid Began herself to be afraid.

41. Her cunning flatteries, however,
Did once again for this time fave her,
But the unlucky candidate
Was past all help, 'twas now too late.

Note.

Stanza 18. The reader is requested to observe that in the first line how qualifies queerly.

CHAPTER XXV.

How Hieronimus entered into the fervice of a pious lady, who was a spiritual sister, and had unworthy designs upon him, and how he ran away from her.

- THE shirts, rings and other paraphernalia
 Which Hieronimus had received from Amelia
 Served for some time to keep him free
 From the actual clutches of poverty.
 - 2. But when, at last, he had sold and squandered
 All the good damsel had to him tendered,'
 Nolens volens, now must he,
 To escape from hunger and misery,
 - 3. And not to die of absolute starvation, Begin to look round for a new occupation, And his first thought, of course, was to try to find Some place of service to suit his mind.
 - 4. Now, at a folitary caftle there refided A widowed lady who was a decided Spiritual fifter, as we fay, She was old and her hair already gray.

- 5. To praying and finging she therefore had taken And other things which as spiritual we reckon, And so a number of years had spent And gained the name of a very great saint.
- 6. Not the least shadow of fin could venture Among her little household to enter, She called them together twice a day Into her parlor to fing and pray.
- 7. She punished them for the smallest violations Of duty by amiably stinting their rations, She thought much of fasts and psalmody And a glass of brandy occasionally.
- At the fame time, and with reason, thinking That social was better than solitary drinking, And also that in society One could sing with greater energy,
- 9. She had for some time been desiring, And all the country round inquiring, To find some holy man, that he Might give her his spiritual company.
- 10. Already had many a godly loafer Presented himself and made his offer, To live with her and praise and pray In the most approved and orthodox way.
- 11. But no one as yet had had attraction Enough to give her fatisfaction, For this one seemed to her too old, The other by far too young, he was told;

- 12. One was too meagre, another too weakly, One was a cripple or otherwise sickly, Another was deaf or dumb or blind, Another a worlding, not at all to her mind.
- 13. Hieronimus finally ventured therefore His fervices to the dame to offer, As fpiritual affiftant, and lo and behold! So foon as the faw him, his fortune was told.
- 14. For he was neither meagre nor weakly,
 Deaf nor dumb nor blind nor fickly,
 Neither too young nor yet too old,
 And his person was not uncomely to behold.
- 15. His femi-clerical peruke and garment
 Took the old lady's eye in a moment,
 And he assured her faithfully
 That he was no worlding, no, not he.
- 16. And so the gave him an invitation To make to-day his first probation, And he joined with real, holy glee The pious psalmody after tea.
- 17. He also read with edification A family sermon to the congregation, And officiated throughout with such grace, That the dame commended him to his face.
- 18. Her spiritual zeal grew daily more servent Through the labors of this her godly servant, And every day a holier slame Burned in her spiritual frame.

- 19. She kept the pious young man befide her In all her actions to counsel and guide her, And thus Hieronimus soon became A very great favorite of the dame.
- 20. If, once in a while, some deviation Occurred, unworthy of his vocation, She overlooked such things and would call Them human frailties—that was all.
- 21. She would also grant him dispensations From the penalties fixed for such occasions, And at such times the daintiest fare By way of solace, fell to his share.
- 22. Champagne and chocolate and coffee, And almond milk and fuch rich stuff, he Got for his beverage every day, And lived in an extra-luxurious way.
- 23. He found, in a word, a high enjoyment In purfuing fuch a holy employment,— Eating and drinking all day long, With, occasionally, a fermon or fong.
- 24. The worst thing was that the pious matron Kept him tied to the strings of her apron, For she really seemed to think that he Was the beau ideal of piety.
- 25. And when on the fofa he fate befide her, And read fome book that edified her, She would stroke her pious sheep and fay: Bravo! in a very rapturous way.

- 26. And when they fang a holy measure Together, she could not contain her pleasure, She would throw her arm around his neck, And sing, as if her heart would break.
- 27. This very familiar ftyle of action,
 At last revealed the whole transaction
 To Hieronimus, that the old dame
 At something more than singing did aim.
- 28. With fuch a weighty discovery before him, A violent fit of alarm came o'er him, And when on the mighty danger he thought He was almost paralysed on the spot.
- 29. When once recovered from his consternation, He thought, with many a tender sensation, Of the bliss he had tasted formerly In the fair Amelia's company.
- 30. She was young and faultless and charming, This one, on the contrary, almost alarming, Gray and toothless and yellow of skin, Lean and haggard and ugly as sin.
- 31. He should, perhaps, have tutored his fancies And, adapted himself to circumstances, And, blinking at all her soibles and slaws, Taken the old lady as she was;
- 32. But this did not fuit his disposition, So he came away without asking dismission, And left the old lady alone, alas! With her hymn-book and her brandy-glass.

CHAPTER XXVI.

How Hieronimus had a bad and a good adventure, and bow, for once in his life, he achieved a wife action.

- HIERONIMUS, before he decided
 To leave the old widow, had provided
 A bag of money, deducting the fame
 From the private treasury of the dame.
 - 2. For he argued that all his finging and praying, And holy things in fermons faying, And receiving the old lady's careffes, too, Made a fair compensation no more than his due.
 - 3. And now with the fruits of this handsome pillage He travelled about from city to village, And as in this way he wandered round Full many a jolly landlord he found.
 - 4. And when he found in one place or another Fine quarters and sometimes a merry brother, Or a hostess agreeable in her ways, He commonly tarried several days.
 - It happened, however, on one occasion,
 That as he thus wandered for recreation,
 Just as the shades of evening fell
 He stopped at quite a large hotel.

- 6. It was the best tavern in all Swabia, No better could be found in the wilds of Arabia; The host was an honest man in his talk And loved to write with double chalk,
- Now that fame day, it did befal fo,
 That two strange guests had arrived there also,
 Who, Hieronimus did guess,
 Were travelling merchants, by their dress.
- In one of them, at the very first entrance,
 He would almost have seen an old acquaintance,
 Had not a great plaster on the place,
 Disguised about one-half of his face.
- Meanwhile the two gentlemen grew quite merry,
 And invited Hieronimus to partake of their fherry,
 And very foon a friendship grew
 Between Hieronimus and the two.
- 10. For the man who had on his face the plaster, Was, in telling stories, a very great master, Some he made up and others were true; Hieronimus laughed till he was almost blue.
- 11. Hieronimus, in his turn, freely related
 All his adventures and communicated
 How very near he recently came
 To being decoyed by a widowed dame.
- 12. There followed, of course, a peal of laughter, And Hieronimus, thereafter, Proceeded to make the story whole By telling about the money he stole.

- 13. Now when the day, in a manner so cheery, Had come to a close, Hieronimus, weary And drunk with wine and laughter, faid Good night and staggered off to bed.
- 14. But hardly had he funk to flumber, When the two gentlemen proceeded to his chamber, Where they ingeniously did hook The money, and their departure took.
- 15. Hieronimus, waking late in the morning, And having of mischief not the least warning, Found, as he put his pantaloons on His pocket empty, the money-bag gone.
- 16. At first he could not believe the transaction A real case for a legal action, He thought it only a piece of fun Which the two merry merchants had done.
- 17. But when the hoft, interrogated Respecting them, communicated That the two gentlemen went away Quickly at an early hour of the day;-
- 18. Then did he begin to make lamentations And outcries great, and his impatience Grew to fuch a pitch that the hair On his head could be kept with difficulty there.
- 19. His crying and groaning in fuch a fashion, Soon stirred the worthy host to compassion, Who agreed to take only his coat in lieu Of the money that for board was due.

- 20. And also the advice imparted That it were well now, if he started, "For without the ready cash," said he, "No stranger can find quarters with me."
- 21. Hieronimus's example teaches how odd is, In this world, the caprice of the bandaged goddess, And how, in a manner unlooked for and strange, The luck of mortals will often change.
- 22. Last evening the thought of poverty scorning, Called "Sir" by the landlord, and lo! this morning, By the same worthy landlord hurled Coatless and penniless out into the world.
- 23. He could now, as he refumed his wandering, On his fad estate at leifure be pondering, And at first he almost wished himself back (At the spiritual sister's, alack!)
- 24. But when he thought of her careffes,
 And called up her image in memory's receffes,
 Such a real horror came over him then,
 That he did not care to go back again.
- 25. He had now, for some days, contrived to banish His hunger with an acorn or turnip or radish, And like a knight errant had managed to stay His nature in many a pitiful way.
- 26. But now, as when the need is highest, The consolation is apt to be nighest, So was it in poor Hieronimus's case The help he required was coming apace.

- 27. For as, on the fourth afternoon, he was lying In a wood by the roadfide, he heard a crying Very loud and piteous indeed, Which from near by did seem to proceed.
- 28. He foon arrived at the fituation Whence he had heard the lamentation. And there, to his very great furprise, A harrowing spectacle met his eyes:
- 29. A carriage with four horses stopping; A bearded coachman powerless dropping; There a young lady, who shricked and cried, And ran despairing from side to side.
- 30. And here a richly dreffed gentleman, striving To keep off two ruffians who at him were driving, And who were feeking with might and main, To give him his quietus, 'twas plain.
- 11. My hero recognized at some distance, The quaft merchants, his tavern acquaintance, He therefore lifted his stick, and flew At once, like a fury, upon the two.
- 32. "Villains! where is my bag of money?" He cried, and darting upon one, he Shattered his skull so that it couldn't be trepanned And stretched the robber dead on the fand.
- 33. With equally vigorous blows he darted At t'other robber, who straightway started, Finding himself outmatched in fight, And proceeded to feek his fafety in flight.

- 34. Hieronimus would, without hesitating, Have chased the highwayman who was retreating, But the fellow vanished like the wind, And left Hieronimus sar behind.
- 35. And now I can fcarcely describe the behaviour Of the gentleman and lady to their saviour, When, the imminent peril being o'er, They selt that they could breathe once more.
- 36. They thanked him, both of them, very fincerely, And the pretty girl would have kissed him nearly, If (to say the truth) she had not feared His unwashed face and his grisly beard.
- 37. No eulogy can be invented Which was not by them to him presented, For the dear Hieronimus, dirty and rough Was their deliverer, clearly enough.
- 38. He must go home with them, they insisted, With a friendliness that could not be resisted, To their manor-house, where he should be Richly rewarded for his chivalry.
- 39. In his present impoverished circumstances He received with open arms these advances, And, without further ceremony, thought best At once to comply with their request.
- 40. Lifting the coachman they conveyed him To the carriage in which they laid him, And, donning the dead highwayman's coat, Up on the box Hieronimus got.

- 41. Before, however, Hieronimus mounted, He found, with a pleafure not to be recounted, His bag and almost all the money, too, In the dead highwayman's portmanteau.
- 42. But the strangest thing in all the history Was, touching the dead man's face, a mystery; There was no longer any plaster there, And when Hieronimus scanned it with care,
- 43. He was not long in taking knowledge Of a gentleman who, on his journey to college, Once fwindled him by hook and by crook, Herr von Hogier of the great peruke.
- 44. And so this adventure terminated
 In a way that our hero greatly elated,
 He mounted the coach-box and off he rolled,
 Like the knight of the forrowful figure of old.
- 45. And now ere I bring this chapter to a termination, I inform the readers of the present narration, That this deed is the only honorable one That Hieronimus has hitherto done.

CHAPTER XXVII.

How Hieronimus was glad to get to Ohnewitz, and how he became schoolmaster there, in a school of little boys and girls.



THAT gentleman and the young lady
Whom Hieronimus rescued, as mentioned already,
Sustained the relation of bridegroom and bride
And the knot had been very recently tied.

- 2. The gentleman had in his jurisdiction Of castles and villages quite a collection, But the principal one of his private seats Was in the small village of Ohnewitz.
- To give his lady a gratification
 He often made journeys of recreation,
 For on very intimate terms he ftood
 With every body in his neighborhood.
- 4. He had just been to visit a neighboring noble At the time he met the aforesaid trouble, 'Twas on his journey home from the same, That the two highwaymen upon him came.
- 5. They immediately knocked the driver over, So that they thought he would never recover; And with violence then demanded next, His money and other personal effects.
- They also from the carriage hauled him,
 And would to death have probably mauled him,
 When, at the shrieks of the agonized dame,
 Hieronimus, as we said, to the rescue came.
- They related, on the way, this story
 To their deliverer, who in his glory
 Drove away as merrily now
 As the recent terror would allow.
- Hieronimus likewise recounted
 How he by the fates had been thus far tormented,
 And as, in this way time, quickly flits,
 They came, like lightning, to Ohnewitz.

- Here they foon forgot all forrow,
 And lived without a thought of the morrow,
 And made all forts of friendly fuss
 In honor to Hieronimus.
- to. New clothes, wine, tobacco and coftly diffies, Calculated to gratify the most fastidious wishes, Were furnished, enough and superfluous, At the service of Hieronimus.
- 11. After several weeks had been spent in this manner, The gentleman did Hieronimus the honour, To promise that he, for his suture support, Would make provision in the very best sort.
- 12. Now just at this time an event transpired, Just what Hieronimus would have desired, And he saw in the coincidence The hand of a special Providence.
- 13. Namely: the Ohnewitz parish possesses A school for little masters and misses, Of which the collation unto the lord, As village patron, the laws did accord.
- 14. To study the A, B, C, and the primer, And learn to read and spell, and the grammar, These branches constituted the whole Of the studies pursued at the aforesaid school.
- 15. All opportunities of further learning The patron removed, with a wife discerning, For whenever a peasant comes to be learned, At once he grows proud and his brain is turned.

- 16. Yes, experience teaches us plainly, That what the peasant requires mainly Is to understand his almanack, and To have his catechism at his tongue's end.
- 17. Whenever above this limit he rifes,
 His labour he commonly despises,
 And a miserable confusion ensues
 With the farming proceeds and revenues.
- 18. Besides a fixum of thirty dollars, the office Brought the teacher additional profits In eggs and butter and turkeys and geese And other perquisites similar to these.
- 19. And then, at the new year's congratulation, He went to his lordship's house to collation, And also received, for attending there, Of presents a proportionate share.
- 20. Now the schoolmaster happened, fortunately, To have left this world his blessing lately, And the parish was thoughtfully looking round To see where a new one might be found.
- 21. So foon as the patron got information Of this, he tendered the fituation To Hieronimus, who ftraightway Entered on the office without delay.
- 22. At first, it is true, the life of a teacher Had not for him one attractive feature, For he much more account of idleness made Than of such a thankless and tedious trade.

- 23. However, as always, when school was over, He spent his time at the castle in clover, Eating and drinking, after awhile Hieronimus concluded to reconcile
- 24. Himself to his present situation, And attend to its duties with renewed application, That he might be able to keep the place All his life till the end of his days.
- 25. He alfo thought, in many a matter, To introduce fome change for the better; For he found that many faults had crept Into the school, as heretofore kept.
- 26. In fact he began, after long deliberation, To make here and there a reformation, Which did not, however, turn out very well, As we to the reader shall shortly tell.

NOTE.

Heading: Ohnewits means literally witlefs.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

How Hieronimus became an Author, and how he edited a new A, B, C,-book, and how he was grievously complained of for it by the Boors to his Lordship.



A T the very first entrance on his administration
Hieronimus found with extremest vexation,
That the A, B, C-book hitherto used
The minds of the children somewhat confused.

- 2. The boys and girls under his supervision Had used heretofore the Ballhorn edition, In which Hieronimus soon became aware Of sundry errors here and there.
- So, after confiderable counsel taking
 With himself, he determined upon making
 A speedy new edition of it
 Under the following title, to wit:
- 4. A new, enlarged and amended edition

 Of the A, B, C-book, under the supersyifton

 Of the Addor, Hieronimus

 Jobs, Theologia Candidatus.
- To the letters with which we're all acquainted, And which in the alphabet are prefented, He added also the f f t, Likewise the sch and sp.
- 6. The spurs of the cock, at the end, who engages The attention of children of the lower ages, He omitted with great propriety From his bran-new book of A, B, C
- He added, however, for the gratification
 Of the juvenile candidates for education,
 A little nest with a great egg,
 Beside the spurless rooster's leg.
- 8. This book had scarcely entered their presence, When it was reviewed by the Ohnewitz peasants, And the very first occasion gave For an altercation both sierce and grave.

- For none of the changes made, whatever,
 Found with the critics any favour,
 But they every one of them, to a man,
 Regarded it as a highly dangerous plan.
- 10. It could not escape the obtusest vision, That the author of this new-fangled edition, Made it exceedingly manisest, He was with a passion for authorship possessed.
- 11. As, when, in fultry fummer weather, Tempest-brewing vapors muster together, Before the crashing thunder leaps, A low murmur ordinarily creeps,
- 12. So here, at first, in every direction Was heard a low buzz of disaffection, And soon the thunderbolt came down On Hieronimus's crown.
- 13. The Ohnewitzers by words and dealings Left him no doubt of the state of their feelings, But he, defying their utmost rage, Fell back on his Grace's patronage.
- 14. The Ohnewitzers would show him, however,
 That they did not mean to be filent forever:
 For every day they did prefer
 Some new grievance against the schoolmaster.
- 15. They therefore, at last, in town meeting collected, And the sexton was unanimously directed To draw up a complaint in the following tone: "High-well-born patron! be it known

- 16. "Unto your worship by these presents,— That we the assembled Ohnewitz peasants Do take with submission the liberty To complain of your schoolmaster to thee.
- 17. "Inasmuch as the fame has tried our patience By introducing fundry innovations, All under the abfurd pretext Of remedying existing defects.
- 18. "And has not behaved in the matter, neither, As a worthy schoolmaster should, but rather, Given us peasants, whom he ought to lead, A very bad example indeed.
- 19. "And, only the principal points to mention Of the grievances to which we would call attention, Pro primo and in the first place, he Has undertaken arbitrarily
- 20. "To make a new A, B, C, omitting The fpurs of the cock, which is not befitting, For the fpurs, affuredly, all will agree An effential part of the cock to be.
- 21. "He also discourages learning, however, By making the alphabet longer then ever: For sp, sch, and fft Have surely no business in the A, B, C.
- 22. "Further, though cocks are never known to Lay hen's eggs in nefts, as hens are wont to, Nevertheless he has placed one by the cock's leg, Just as if the cock had laid the egg.

- 23. "Now things like these are very bewilderin', And calculated to missed the minds of the children, And a new A, B, C-book, anyhow, Is an innovation we cannot allow.
- 24. "Pro fecundo: we would not fail to mention (That the ass's head is an ancient invention,) Which every child that resists the rules Has to wear, as a punishment, in our schools.
- 25. "Now, forely as a fensitive heart is affected When to this punishment it is subjected, Still most of the children make a jest Of wearing the ass's head down to their breast.
- 26. "Herr Jobs, however, is not contented With this, but has to the head appended Neck, body, legs and tail and all And so you have now the as in full.
- 27. "How the children cry and yell when the teacher Compels them to wear the entire creature, And the figure they cut when dreffed up fo, Can be fearcely imagined. Pro tertio:
- 28. "Herr Jobs, in addition to the usual feruling, Doth barbarously box their ears, imperilling The health of the pupils, and already some In consequence have quite deaf become.
- 29. "Pro quarto: the poorer children more than any Are to be pitied for their cudgellings many, For, out of respect to persons, they Get a double portion every day.

- 30. "Pro quinto: he is in the habit of fearchin' The pockets of every fweet-toothed urchin, And puts the apples and nuts on the shelf, And after school he eats them himself.
- 31. "Pro sexto: his conduct in general fociety
 Is chargeable with much impropriety,
 For he leads, they fay, quite too free a life
 With Schulze the boarding-house keeper's wife.
- 32. "He visits the village tavern daily
 And in heated drinks indulges freely,
 And many a time has wasted away
 Half of the night with Schulze in play.
- 33. "There are many other complaints, in addition, Which we would prefer with profound fubmission; For very many gravamina, Besides those already mentioned, there are,
- 34. "Which at present, however, we forbear stating, Contenting ourselves with supplicating: That you would be pleased, most gracious Sir! To give us another schoolmaster.
- 35. "In hope whereof we beg to tarry
 Your Grace's subjects most exemplary.
 Given in the village of Ohnewitz.
 Etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc., etc."

CHAPTER XXIX.

How the disaffected peasants of Ohnewitz received a gracious resolution, and how they were advised to keep filence, and how they were threatened with the dark hole. All in chancery style.

- THE meeting appointed a deputation
 Of two to deliver the petition
 To his highness, the patron; and from the same
 The following resolution came:
 - "We have learned with great diffatisfaction,
 From the statement of your recent action,
 What grievances you do prefer
 Against your worthy schoolmaster.
- g. "Though, now, it gives us great displeasure To see you resort to such a measure; We have considered, nevertheless, The breadth and length of your grievances.
 - 4. "We cannot, however, up to date discover Anything to make such a fus over, And the prosecution, we decide, Is altogether unjustified.

- 5. "'Tis very true, as has been faid, he Has introduced in his school already A new book of A, B, C, which he Dedicates to ourselves submissively.
- "It is also clear that, in this edition,
 He has made here and there an addition or omission,
 It is not however so clear to us,
 How this can be so injurious.
- 7. "'Tis true, by an overlight of the engraver, The cock has loft his spurs; however, One can very easily in the next Edition remedy such mistakes.
- 8. "Our modern reviewers feldom take notice Of fuch a trifle in books as that is, But the gentlemen kindly overlook Such little faults in a new book.
- "And as regards the interpolations,
 They are found in all the early editions;
 At least sch, sit, and sp,
 As variations, may be suffered to be.
- 10. "That the cock with an egg should be attended, Seems indeed less capable of being defended, Yet there's no necessity propter hoc To take the egg away from the cock.
- 11. "For from the egg to draw the conclusion That the cock had laid it, were great confusion In conscience and reason; it proves in fact No more than the titles to men's names tacked.

- 12. "And then befides we might have alluded, To cases where cockerels over eggs have brooded, In hoc casu, undoubtedly, The cock was a capon properly.
- 13. "When you propose as the second of the abuses, That Mr. Jobs a whole as introduces; We think therein he commits no offence, But conducts himself as a man of sense.
- 14. "For he means by this no more, nor less neither, Than that you and your children both together, Old and young and great and small, Are perfect assessing incarnate all.
- 15. "Pro tertio: the ear-boxing fo bewilderin', Which has already made deaf fome children— We hold it very much amifs To inflict fuch punishment as this.
- 16. "The grievance you have pro quarto propounded We hold to be in fo far well grounded; For no judge nor schoolmaster rightfully can Respect the person of any man.
- 17. "But for poor no less than rich 'tis expedient That they should be punished when disobedient, And punishment should always be Administered impartially.
- 18. "When the right of fearch he exercifes,

 And fruit in the children's pockets furprifes,

 He upholds pro quinto the very good rule:

 Children should not be munching in school!

- 19. "And as their tender stomachs, sans question, Find apples and nuts of hard digestion, Here also the schoolmaster's plan is good, To devour, himself, such forbidden food.
- 20. "Pro sexto, as to your infinuation

 Touching Schulze's wife's reputation,

 Item, the tavern, drinking and dice,

 All this in Herr Jobs were a shocking vice.
- 21. "It is our gracious pleasure, however,

 That such things be buried in silence forever,

 And whoso shall name them again, by my soul!

 Shall be punished with two days in the hole.
- 22. "For the reft, the complaints you have delated Shall be hereafter more thoroughly investigated, When from our contemplated tour We are happily returned once more.
- 23. "Till then we command you to cease your gabble,
 Nor longer in these grave matters dabble.

 Given at our residence etc., etc."

 "Resolution for the Peasants of Ohnewitz."

CHAPTER XXX.

How, one Wednesday, a riot broke out at Ohnewitz, and all sorts of signs and wonders preceded it, and how Herr Hieronimus was driven away with cudgels, &c.

- IT may well be conceived that this resolution
 Threw the whole village into the greatest confusion,
 In fact there arose on all sides a hum
 Among the peasants, both mighty and grum.
 - 2. For now it was clearly manifested That Jobs was by the patron assisted, And that justice could no longer have course, And they swore to avenge themselves by force.
- 3. In this weighty crifis they often came together To confult in the tavern with one another, And with beer and tobacco confidered there How they could best approach the affair.
- 4. They first determined, with a sweeping
 Unanimity, on keeping
 Their children at home, and not one of all
 In fact went to school again, great or small.

- 5. But the wifest of them advised, with reason, To lie in wait for a favorable season, For then, when came the fitting hour, They could all arise at once in their power.
- 6. They all gave in at once their adhesion To such a sensible proposition, And so they fixed upon a day When the patron should happen to be away.
- 7. 'Tis true these arrangements were all to lie sleeping, In every bosom's secret keeping Till the terrible moon should be ushered in When the disturbance was to begin.
- 8. But before these great events had being, Signs and wonders had men been seeing, As on the eve of important events Men commonly witness premonitory portents.
- 9. For example, a fhort time before, at the hour Of midnight, a very great owl on the tower Of the church had been heard to utter a cry Frightful and loud to the inky sky.
- 10. Likewise had one of the Ohnewitz people Coming from the inn, heard a tolling in the steeple; Also the very old chimney fell down On the school-house roof with an awful sound.
- 11. Likewise the sexton's cow give birth to The longest eared calf perhaps on earth too; Likewise many dogs ran howling round Through the village with a horrible sound.



- 12. Ignes fatui were seen in many places, And sometimes by night strange forms and faces; Likewise at noonday it came to pass, A leg was broke of the miller's ass.
- 13. All this appeared the prefiguration Of some impending revelation; But no one noticed the danger until The prophecies did themselves fulfil.
- 14. Now it was exactly on Wednesday morning, That the riot broke out without any warning, When, at eight precisely, every boor Was seen to issue from his door.

- 15. It was dreadful to think on what might happen, For every one was armed with a weapon, And forth the confederates all swarmed, With clubs and flails in great numbers armed.
- 16. All was now aftir in the village, One would have prophefied murder and pillage, And every dog and roofter now Began at once to bark and crow.
- 17. On the village common foon collected The mighty mass of the disaffected, And in proceedin proceeded thence Straight to the schoolmaster's residence.
- 18. Many children came thronging after On both fides, full of joy and laughter, To think that they would be free to-day And the bad schoolmaster sent away.
- 19. Herr Jobs in his bed was lying quiet, Never once dreaming of any riot, When all on a fudden the whole fwarm Broke in upon him with a great alarm.
- 20. He opened his eyes in confternation,
 And vehement was his agitation,
 As now for the first time he did mark
 The treason that had been brewing in the dark.
- 21. They fell upon him with precipitation,
 Leaving him small time for hesitation;
 Only, in consideration of the present distress,
 They gave him leave to put on his dress:

- 22. Then advised him to leave Ohnewitz behind him, And never again let one of them find him; They added likewise many a scoff, And cudgelled and pelted our hero off.
- 23. And so this action was completed And the expedition successfully treated, And with a loud ju! hu! ju! hu! All to the tavern now withdrew.
- 24. And every one fwore with a terrible clatter, That he had done the best in the matter, And in drinking brandy determined that he The greatest hero of all would be.
- 25. There were fome, however, had no fatisfaction, But only remorfe for the whole transaction, And they fully expected to find their reward In the dark hole, at the return of their lord.

NOTE.

Stanza 9. So in Virgil (Aen. IV. 462,) among the portents that preceded the death of Dido:

"Solaque culminibus ferali carmine bubo Sæpe queri, et longas in fletum ducere voces."

-"With a boding note

The folitary screech-owl strains her throat,
And on a chimney's top or turret's height,
With songs obscene disturbs the silence of the night."—

Dryden.

CHAPTER XXXI.

How Hieronimus in his flight to Bavaria and a new adventure, in meeting his beloved Amelia on the flage at the theatre. Very pleasant to read.

- As the fox, when he leaves the hounds behind him And flies where they no more can find him,

 Is glad that only a mouthful of hair

 He has had to lose, which he well could spare,
 - a. So Hieronimus, in his greatest tribulation, Took to himself the same consolation, And was very glad, upon his soul, To have 'scaped the boors with a skin whole.
 - 3. 'Tis true he had learned, in his fudden departure From Ohnewitz, fomething he had to finart for, How very sour and bitter and hard Was a poor schoolmaster's reward.
 - 4. He also made a vow that he never Would publish again any books whatever, For his flogging and flight, he had to own, Were owing to the authorship-mania alone.

- 5. Meanwhile as his patron (we've ftated already,) Was gone on a tour to Bavaria with his lady; Hieronimus determined to go there to him, For refuge from the wrath of the peasants fo grim.
- The journey took no great time to plan it, In fact he no fooner refolved than began it; But foon, before he was far on his way, A new adventure caused his delay.
- For contrary to all expectation
 His plans met a fudden pertubation,
 Soon after he reached a great city, where
 He intended to reft a day or two there.
- 8. Here, to confole and divert himself solely And drive away care and melancholy, It came into his head one day, That he that evening would go to the play.
- He soon perceived among the actresses,
 Of beautiful faces and splendid dresses,
 One who in face, voice, form and hair,
 Was the image of his Amelia fair.
- That he should so unexpectedly spy her!

 The entire pit was almost thrown

 Into consussion by this fact alone.
- 11. And hardly had she her performance ended,
 When into the green-room he instantly bounded,
 And now there was many a joyful buss
 "Twixt her and her dear Hieronimus.

- 12. Both were curious to hear from each other, What fingular fortune thus brought them together; Hieronimus therefore was glad enough, With her to finug quarters to hurry off.
- 13. Then and there did Amelia get her first information Of the wonders set down in the previous narration, As having transpired since the memorable night, When the old gent drove him forth in such plight.
- 14. And of his adventures with the spiritual lady, And the dishonorable attempt she made, he Told, and how, subsequently, the whole Of his money by night in a tavern was stole.
- 15. And how, in the wood he defpatched a villain, And refcued a nobleman whom he was killin', And became by one of his lucky hits, A schoolmaster at Ohnewitz.
- 16. And his subsequent trials and tribulation, And how he now against all expectation, Had found her in the theatre here, All this he copiously poured in her ear.
- 17. Hieronimus, now, in his turn, defired To hear what in her experience had transpired, And the fair one proceeded to relate, As follows, her history up to date.

CHAPTER XXXII.

How the damsel Amelia tells Hieronimus the story of her life. A very long chapter, because the person speaking is a semale. Exactly one hundred verses.



CA MELIA Ripraps my proper name is:

The place where into the world I came, is

The celebrated town of A. A.

There I first faw the light of day.

- a. "My father was an advocate, had many cases Both there and in the neighboring places, For he knew the jura thoroughly And understood chicanery.
- 3. "The most complicated cases he would take'em
 And still more complicated make'em,
 And many an art and trick he knew
 For spinning out short cases, too.
- 4. "His ingenuity many a clever Rogue from the gallows did deliver; And, by recommending the crime Of perjury just in the nick of time,
- 5. "He brought off many a cheat inglorious, Over his honorable opponent victorious, Relieved many a one of fore diffress And many a poor devil of his bread, I guess.
- "He hated peace and compromising, Much rather, in every case, advising, However trifling the matter might be, Recourse to law and chicanery.
- "He kept his clients in a round of dances
 Through all possible legal instances,
 And kept them appealing, on and on,
 Until their very last penny was gone.
- 8. "For the rest, he served to the best of his science And fidelity the clients who placed on him reliance, Yet, now and then, for variety's sake, From the opposite party a bribe would take.

- 9. "Of a tolerable property he thus got possession; What to others was a curse, was to him a blessing, And when to wrangling and quarrelling fell, He took the oyster and gave each a shell.
- 10. "My bleffed mother was the daughter Of a wealthy farmer of the highest order, Who litigated to such a degree That he ruined himself and his property.
- 11. "My father had served him as advocate duly And given him counsel faithfully and truly, And so at length, he got for his pay The farmer's pretty daughter one day.
- 12. "She had already rejected many Who offered their hands in matrimony, At the time when her father was yet well off And had property enough.
- 13. "But as the incomes began to grow fewer, No one cared any longer to woo her; For the prettieft penniless face that goes Will never tempt the men to propose.
- 14. "She managed after awhile, however, To catch my father, for she was clever, And grounded to the last degree In all the arts of gallantry.
- 15. "My father took a fancy to her, And so, as aforesaid, became her wooer, And, wishing a partner of his life, Besought her of the farmer for wife.

- 16. "They tafted together many enjoyments In their wedded life, and little annoyance, At least for the first three months or so, While marriage was yet a new thing, you know.
- 17. "And then her fine face and agreeable manner Many a private income won her, When some rich party happened to be Attentive to her particularly.
- 18. They managed to get from parties in cases A matter or two for household uses; For the advocate's lady always got What the advocate, her Lord, did not.
- 19. "When her husband to his pleadings attended, She meanwhile was not idle-handed, And at such times in her apartments she Had private hearings generally.
- 20. "Now though I cannot positively declare it For a fact, and solemnly swear it, That the above named advocate Was my real father—at any rate
- 21. "I never in my life have heard the fuggestion That he so much as raised a question, When, after about a year, may be, My mother was delivered of me.
- 22. "The earlier parts of my childish history Remain involved in the shades of mystery, However my father and mother loved me As their only daughter tenderly.

- 23. "No pains were fpared on the formation Of my manners and my education, And they fent me to school at an early age In the usual studies there to engage.
- 24. "They strictly forbade, however, the teachers To inflict on me blows or bitter speeches, And in everything, small as it might be, My will was consulted carefully.
- 25. "When I scarcely was ten years old, my fancies
 Began to devour all forts of romances,
 And already far more of love I knew
 Than other maidens of eighteen do.
- 26. "I was happy and vain to receive addresses From pretty young men, and sometimes careffes, And many a practical romance In my thirteenth year did already commence.
- 27. "Perhaps 'twas a fault of my education, That I felt very early an inclination, Which never has yet my nature left,— A secret inclination to theft.
- 28. "My parents, smitten with fatal blindness, Called it childish sport in their misplaced kindness, And when I was caught in some wicked crast, At their sly little daughter they only laughed.
- 29. "My fifteenth year was hardly over, When I had already many a lover, Which, with one of my not ugly face, Could hardly fail of being the case.

- 30. "Some of them seemed quite presentable In my father's eyes, at least not contemptible; My mother, however, found in the same Many a thing to dislike and blame.
- 31. "It must be a man of high position,
 Equal to any in the land in condition,
 Such a one or none, she said,
 Who should ever her pretty daughter wed.
- 32. "But no man came, of high condition, With a matrimonial proposition, And to me it began to be tiresome Waiting for suitors who didn't come.
- 33. "I therefore thought in fome other manner To fave from tarnish my pride and honour, And to meet the handsome young men I flew To many a secret rendez-vous.
- 34. "Fearing there might be fome miscarriage, Which would perhaps to my future marriage Prove an obstacle, if she Allowed me too much liberty,
- 35. "My mother took it in contemplation To lay on my love-tricks fome limitation, And by day and by night henceforward took Notes of my every ftep and look.
- 36. "Now though its indulgence was thus prevented. The passion itself was rather augmented, For a strictly forbidden fruit will be Sought always the more eagerly.

- 37. "And the greater the hindrance the more the defire, So did it with my inclination transpire, For I sought every opportunity To gratify it secretly.
- 38. "By night through my window often glided Ghosts with slesh and bones provided, Which then would usually half the night Stay with me till morning light.
- 39. "And when I happened to find nothing better I got now and then a love-letter Of such heart-breaking tenor, as we Daily in every romance may see.
- 40. "My nineteenth year had exactly ended
 When I one evening a ball attended,
 And there with a gentleman acquainted became
 Herr Baron Von Hogier was his name."
- 41. Hieronimus here interrupted her talking;
 "Herr Von Hogier? the thing is shocking!
 His name, as well as his rank, the whole
 Is familiar enough to me, by my foul!
- 42. "Herr Von Hogier was a sharper, I tell ye!"
 "He was all of that," refumed Amelia,
 "And, dear Hieronimus, you shall see
 What took place between him and me.
- 43. "To Herr Von Hogier I took a great liking, His person and manners were very striking, His elegant dress and great peruke At the very first moment my fancy took.

- 44. "He made me a very flattering proposal Placed his hand and fortune at my disposal, And what pleased and flattered me far more, I was his only angel, he swore.
- 45. "He also said much of his goods and possessions Situated in the land of the Hessians, Though he now was travelling to and fro Through the world incognito.
- 46. "He did also distinctly instruct me

 He'd like, if I pleased, from home to abduct me,

 If I at the hour appointed would stand

 Ready, with money and jewels in hand.
- 47. "And fo, by night, when nothing hindered,
 The coffers and chefts at home I plundered,
 Pocketed what I found without fear
 And took my flight with Herr Von Hogier.
- 48. "We made our retreat in very good order,
 "Till we about reached the last Swabian border;
 And during the first four days of our ride,
 Did not rest twelve hours, I'm satisfied.
- 49. "What my parents thought, and how aftounded, To find bags empty and daughter absconded, And how they took on and swore and stormed, You may well imagine but cannot be informed.
- 50. "When we at last arrived at W, (Not with too long a story to trouble you) We determined to tarry some days there To rest ourselves and get good fare.

- 51. "We, therefore, as we proposed to, tarried, And lived as cosy as if we were married, And the Herr Baron Von Hogier Behaved very tenderly to his dear.
- 52. "I therefore was now, in my own opinion, Happier than a Queen in her dominion, And thought of nothing but joy and glee And pleasure and festivity.
- 53. "But close on my heels was misfortune pursuing,
 For before I could dream of anything brewing,
 Suddenly and secretly one night
 Herr Von Hogier, per pes, took slight.
- 54. "My money, too, dear Hieronimus, (think on't,)
 And my jewels were gone to the dogs in an inftant,
 And of the valuables the whole
 Which I from my parents before had ftole.
- 55. "I faw now, with all his cooing and billin', That Herr Von Hogier was a fettled villain, And that matters did not rightly stand With his estate in the Hessian land.
- 56. "You can therefore easily imagine How much I took this thing in dudgeon, For I had not dreamed that the Herr Von Hogier Could be guilty of such tricks as this 'ere.
- 57. "Now left alone and by all forfaken, I knew not what step was next to be taken, And in desperation I looked around To see where a refuge could be found.

- 58. "That I should go back again to my parents Was an impossible occurrence, For such a course would certainly Have been very uncomfortable to me.
- 59. "However I ftill, as a slight consolation, Had twenty-four ducats remaining in my possession, Which I, in case of future distress, Had sewed into my under-dress.
- 60. "These twenty-four ducats, I now bethought me, A special fortune seems to have brought me, For they are now, most certainly, All my estate and property.
- 61. "I would not any longer tarry But after Herr Von Hogier hurry, And on the very felf-fame day, I took the stage and drove away.
- 62. "For I had at the post-house received information That he hired an extra for the occasion, And was therefore probably by this, In Swabia, as one might guess.
- 63. "If at that time I could have caught him, To justice I at once would have brought him, And I should certainly have then Got all my money back again.
- 64. "It was, my dear, in this occupation, That on the well remembered occasion, I found in the stage coach a sad young man, With whom my acquaintance then first began.

- 65. "For the reft, up to this time I have never Succeeded in getting any glimple whatever, Nor have so much as been able to hear Of the whereabouts of Herr Von Hogier."
- 66. Here Hieronimus could not help breaking In once again on Amelia speaking: "Potz tausend! I know well," he said, Where Herr Von Hogier the scamp has sled.
- 67. "Shortly before our acquaintance, dear Amelia! Herr Von Hogier, the son of Belial, Spunged me out of much money one day At a tavern by his tricky play.
- 68. "This was the principal occasion
 Of my melancholy situation
 Of mind, which I at last forgot
 When in the stage by your side I sot.
- 69. "Herr Von Hogier, too, was one of the couple Of travellers, difguised as merchant people, Who after supper at the inn Stole my money bag and all therein.
- 70. "The robber too, whom I killed, (as already Stated,) when I faved the gentleman and lady, Was verily, by his person and face, No other than this same scape-grace.
- 71. "You, therefore, now may rest contented:
 His future villanies are prevented,
 And I have thus most righteously
 Avenged myself for his knavery."

- 72. Amelia replied: "Thy histories, My dear! are full of curious mysteries, And so remarkable each event, It fills me with astonishment!
- 73. "The proverb: what is foun however finely,
 Is fure to come to the funlight finally,
 Turns out exactly to a hair
 In the case of that rascal Hogier there.
- 74. "But to proceed in my own narration, At the time of our fudden separation, On account of the watch I concluded to go on, A while, on foot, and all alone.
- 75. "About that time, by good luck's providing, An elderly gentleman came riding Along in his carriage, and when he spied Me trudging on by the roadside,
- 76. "With fuch a fignificant smile he beckoned, That I was sitting by him in a second; And, as my person pleased him, he Made a proposition to me:
- 77. "To be his chambermaid, and aid him Drive off the blues that did often invade him, For he lived alone without any wife, And was an old bachelor for life.
- 78. "Now it would have been dangerous, I concluded,
 And certainly I should be deluded,
 (So the thing began now to appear,)
 To seek any further for Herr Von Hogier.

- 79. "And fo I could not make refufal To the old gentleman's kind propofal, Although his age and his gray hair, Were not just such as I wished they were.
- 80. "So I took up with him my habitation And gave him effectual confolation, And I behaved myself to him As if I his lawful spouse had been.
- 81. "He therefore held me in high estimation, And gave me the whole house-administration, And all the servants, maids and men, Subjected to my regimen.
- 82. "I superintended cellars and preffes, Kitchen and chamber and wardrobe and dreffes, Saw to the washing, table and bed, And everything that came under that head.
- 83. "The keys of the chefts, the plates and platters, And even the more valuable matters, The linen and filver, were to me Committed into cuftody.
- 84. "And from many an evening till the morrow, I beguiled the old gentleman of his forrow, And gave his troubled spirit ease And ministered to his necessities.
- 85. "For the old gentleman would never Do the leaft thing without me whatever, And nothing in any department, Could ever take place without my consent.

- 86. "Of course, in addition to my compensation, I received from him many a valuable donation, And, to make up any deficiency, I stole a trisle occasionally.
- 87. "Although now nothing external was wanting, There was something always my spirit haunting, And the time seemed long when I began To live with the old gentleman.
- 88. "Tis true in the course of time the house-writer Did make my spirits a little lighter, But, being rather sickly, he Was not very interesting to me.
- 89. "I found it for my comfort necessary, After his death to get a new secretary, And you, my dear, just then applied For the vacant place of the one who had died.
- 90. "I had for you a preposession, At the very first sight, I must make the confession; And this, you see, was the reason why I spoke in your favour so earnessly.
- 91. "Of all the things that between us transpired, From the time that you were first hired "Till the night he found you in my room, Dear Hieronimus! you are aware, I presume.
- 92. "When he at that time difmiffed you, I need not fay how much I miffed you, But the old man continued all the more To give sharp hints on that very score.

- 93. "His anger did my spirits gall so, That I came very near leaving also, And it was about as much as I could do With my caresses to bring him to.
- 94. "Meanwhile, from that time, his inclination For me gave place to alienation, And to a new young kitchen maid All his attention henceforth he paid.
- 95. "And therefore to relieve the depression Of spirits your absence did occasion, I lived thenceforward somewhat free With the old gentleman's lackéy.
- 96. "But when our intercourse he did discover, All chance of reconciliation was over, No word of excuse would he wait to hear— I must pack up my duds at once and clear.
- 97. "Being now with money tolerably provided, To travel through the world I decided, "Till fome new opportunity Of future fupport should turn up for me.
- 98. "While through this neighborhood I wandered A band of players I encountered, And at my request the company For a new actress accepted me.
- 99. "Already fome months have I been flaying With them and in their fervice playing Exceedingly well, as I'm inclined To think, the parts to me affigued.

Too. "For the rest, it gratifies me greatly
To think of the good luck that lately
Has brought together you and me
For the third time so happily."

CHAPTER XXXIII.

How Hieronimus conceived a defire to be a play-actor, and bow he was persuaded thereto by Miss Amelia.

- HIERONIMUS exceedingly wondered At the story told in the previous hundred Verses, and quite forgot, from this day, His patron and Bavaria.
- He now determined that he never
 Would leave Amelia on any account whatever,
 And consequently took it in view
 That he would be a comedian too.
- 3. When Amelia got information
 Of this, she approved his determination,
 And extolled her profession's dignity
 In the following apology:
- 4. "I know from many an example,"
 That the ftage-player's profession has ample
 Claim to be called the worthiest
 Of all that in the world exist.
- 5. "For the theatre holds up a mirror In which one fees, even plainer and clearer Than in the world itfelf, how odd Is the mixture in life of good and bad.

- 6. "Now we have merry comedies, And now we have tearful tragedies; Now they laugh and dance and fing, And now figh and groan and all that fort of thing.
- 7. "Now comical farces excite our laughter, Now tears and bloodshed follow right after; Now one is poor and now he's rich: To-day in the parlor, the next in the ditch.
- "Now he's a peafant and now he's a ruler, Now he's a fool and now he's a fcholar; Now he is young and now he is old, Now he is warm and now he is cold.
- 9. "Now he is fober, now he is tipfy, Now he's a capuchin, now he's a gipfy; Now he's a beggar and now he's a bar'n, Now he's a varlet and now a Herr Von.
- 10. "Now a renownift and now a lackey, Now a chamberlain and now a blackey; Now a landlord and now a gueft, Now a cowherd and now a prieft.
- 11. "Now a pastor—a philosopher famous, Now a sexton—an ignoramus; Now a monarch and now a sudge, Now a hangman and now a judge.
- 12. "Through these and other similar changes, One, ever newly delighted, ranges, And the course of the world is faithfully Represented in all its variety.

- 13. "If we only play with all our powers The parts which for the time are ours, The audience applaud at the end With a vehement clapping of the hand.
- 14. "On the contrary, when we fail or blunder, The audience is down on us like thunder The pit and galleries all laugh, And his and yell and hoot us off."
- 15. "Your account, dear Amelia, I cannot deny it, Pleases me so, I'm disposed to try it," Answered with a hearty buss The new play-actor Hieronimus.
- 16. He was now to the manager presented And to him by Amelia recommended, And on the next day following he Was enrolled in the acting company.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

How Hieronimus became a real player, and how Miss Amelia was false to him and ran off with a rich gentleman, and how he also in desperation went away.

- I NDULGENT reader! thou shalt now be instructed How in his new profession Hieronimus conducted, When once the manager had tried His qualifications, and was satisfied.
- Drunken students and profligate preachers, Laughable sextons and stupid teachers, Secretaries amorously inclined, Poltroons and rakes, and parts of that kind.
- All these Hieronimus played to perfection, Because for such he'd a natural predilection, And every time he appeared therein, A general round of applause did win.
- 4. And when an author he did enact, or Appeared in a schoolmaster's character, Now and then one seemed to see The author or schoolmaster bodily.

- 5. But when the philosopher's part he affected, No great applause could be expected, And in sentimental pastoral Hieronimus was just next to nothing at all.
- 6. He played the fine gentleman very badly, And, as a general thing, failed fadly In any thing like a respectable part, Or where there was much to be got by heart.
- Hieronimus in this new employment
 Experienced unalloyed enjoyment,
 And blifsfully flew the moments away
 In the arms of his queen—his Amelia.
- He would not in his love-intoxication
 Have exchanged for a king's his fituation,
 And all his trouble and forrow, at laft,
 Seemed to be over and ended and paft.
- 9. But how very feldom one of us listens To the proverb "All is not gold that glistens." Fortune often takes a freak And plays us an unexpected trick.
- ro. Hieronimus (as you'll fee by what shall follow) Was fated to find her promises hollow, For when he least dreamed of such a thing, The greatest joy of his life took wing
- 11. The forrow by which he was now o'ertaken The heaviest of all he did reckon, Namely, his most dearly beloved Amelia unfaithful proved.

- 12. It happened thus: on a certain occasion A rich young gentleman of confideration, Saw the enchanting Amelia Perform at the theatre in a play.
- 13. Now as there are ninnies all the world over, He immediately became her lover, And Amelia was shrewd enough Not to treat him with a rebuff.
- 14. In reading her history we easily discover That she had a great inclination, moreover, (Because she was a woman, you see) To frequent change and variety.
- 15. The rich young man frequent vifits paid her, For which Hieronimus did upbraid her, His face grew black and his eyes grew red, And in his despair he wished himself dead.
- 16. But that only made him less amiable To Amelia, and daily more intolerable, And very soon he received from her A renunciation formaliter.
- 17. When this blight fell on his affections,
 He at once dissolved his theatrical connexions,
 And in extreme desperation of mind
 Left the scene of disgrace behind.
- 18. That we here may bring the narration Of Amelia's life to a termination, She left with the gentleman, and it is faid, Died two years after in child-bed.

CHAPTER XXXV.

How Hieronimus returned home to Schildburg, and how he found there all forts of changes.

AND so Hieronimus was fated
To wander again, as above narrated,
And never before in his life had he
Set out so discontentedly.

- Amelia's unlooked for infidelity
 Seemed every hour a new reality,
 And in his despair he could scarcely keep
 Himself from taking the fatal leap.
- Tis true, if I may express an opinion,
 His patron in the Bavarian dominion
 Would have been, in his present afflicted state,
 His surest refuge from adverse fate.
- 4. But one who falls into tribulation Is apt to lose his self-possession, And at such times, ('tis the general rule,) Resigns his wits and acts the fool.
- And fo in utter desperation
 Hieronimus formed the determination
 That he would now his steps retrace
 To Schildeburg, his native place.

- 6. And now as he met with no detention On his journey homeward, worthy of mention, He did at last, thank Heaven! arrive At the place of his destination, alive.
- Here, when the first salutations were over, He very soon began to discover That many changes had taken place In his long absence from the place.
- His mother, indeed, he found still living,
 But in outward circumstances far from thriving,
 Indeed her means were very strait,
 And her bread was earned with trouble great.
- He learned with forrow, that one brother Had gone the way of all flesh, another Had opened a little Nuremberg shop, Whereby he managed to fill his crop.
- The eldest brother had successfully courted The ugliest woman the country supported, But the money which she did possess Made him forget her ugliness.
- 11. He also learned that his eldest sister Had connected herself in marriage with Mister Kircher, the sexton of the place, And lived with him in pretty good case.
- 12. His fifter Gertrude one Mr. Geier Had wedded, and become a father by her, But thereupon was off like the wind, And left both bride and infant behind.

- 13. She tried her best to earn her living, Her services indiscriminately giving To young people of the richer sort, From whom she thus received a support.
- 14. Another fifter, they did inform him, An old widower took to keep house and warm him, And, in so far, appeared to be Living with him in peace and unity.
- 15. And, last of all, his younger fister, A blooming maiden, whose name was Esther, Did still to her mother solace afford, And get from her her daily board.
- 16. Now, Hieronimus's return made his mother Very happy, and no doubt, each fifter and brother, Because they so long had not seen him, nor heard Of his whereabouts a single word:
- 17. Still, at the same time, it would not do for Him to be living at home as a loafer,
 And so they began to take in view
 What business there was Hieronimus might do.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

How Hieronimus became a night-watchman in Schildburg, and how his mother's dream and Mrs. Urgalindina's prophecy were fulfilled.



OW it came to pass that the man they hired As watchman in Schildburg had lately expired, And so the office was lying void, Vacant, empty and unsupplied.

- As, now, in all flates that are ordered rightly,
 The watchman can't be dispensed with nightly;
 The burghers consulted in the present case
 On ordaining another to fill his place.
- Now many fit subjects might have been selected Who to taking the office would not have objected, But, on account of his powerful voice, Hieronimus seemed to be their choice.
- 4. 'Tis true fome perfons at first made objections And cast upon him personal reflections, As if Hieronimus would not do Exactly for the office in view.
- 5. For the city would not, so they contended, If he were watchman, be well defended, For how could he who preferred to sleep When he ought to wake, the city keep?
- Nevertheless did Hieronimus
 Very soon receive a unanimous
 Invitation from the bourgeoise
 That he would the new night-watchman be.
- But first it would be necessary
 His predecessor's widow he should marry,
 For the deceased had stood very high
 In the city's esteem deservedly.
- And so, by way of compensation
 To his highly afflicted widow, the corporation
 To the other qualifications tacked on
 The marrying of her person as a fine qua non.

- Now, as her age was thirty only,
 And her person certainly not very homely,
 Hieronimus accepted the terms proposed
 And his predecessor's widow espoused.
- 10. And now to old and young, as they flumbered, The hours of night were again mufically numbered, For Hieronimus, the new Watchman put his horn to his mouth and blew.
- 11. And whenever the clock was heard from the tower,
 He began as follows to call the hour:
 "Hark ye, gentlemen, as ye lie there still,
 And hear what I to you sing and tell:
- 12. "The clock has just proclaimed the hour, Twelve, one, two, three, from the old church tower; Take care, if I may you advise, Of fire and light and your daughters likewise!
- 13. "That no one may fet anything on fire,
 Or any other harm may transpire,
 Be careful, therefore, and see to 't,
 To 't, to 't, to 't, toot! toot! toot!
- 14. For the rest he steadily conducted Himself as a watchman well instructed; Slept soundly all day long that he Might at night more wakeful be.
- 15. In all the time of his finging and watching No thief dared risk his power of catching, So that Schildburg was entirely free From all nocturnal burglary.

- 16. And every citizen, however foundly fnoring, Woke when Hieronimus his blaft was pouring, And the found of his horn and his nightly call Were heard throughout the town by all.
- 17. A wonderful coincidence this must be reekoned With Frau Jobs's dream (in chapter second,) And all turns out, to a hair, for us In the case of the watch Hieronimus.
- 18. And that which Urgalindina stated,
 When about the boy's future interrogated,
 On the ground of chiromantic art,
 Was verified now in every part.
- 19. Now that the things were fulfilled completely, The explanation could be made very neatly, As with prophecies is always the case; They're mysteries till the event takes place.
- 20. Meantime Frau Schnepperle's talk (remember) When Frau Jobs was keeping child-chamber, (As may be read in chapter 3) Has not as yet been fulfilled, you see.
- 21. And, from our present information, We should say that Frau Schnepperle's reputation In the matter of physiognomy Must suffer very considerably.

CHAPTER XXXVII.

How Hieronimus received a wifit from friend Death, who took him to his reft. A chapter which would do for a funeral fermon.



THERE'S a sensible saying which, for ages, As is very well known to all of us sages, Through learned books has run its round, (In the old church-sather Horace 'tis found:)

- As well against the palace portals,
 As against the doors of the poorest mortals,
 Friend Death, who is everywhere well-known,
 Knocks with his old dry knuckle-bone.
- That is, when popularly translated,
 All that lives to die is fated,
 As well the monarch as the boor,
 As well the rich man as the poor.
- 4. Inasmuch as friend Death makes not the smallest Distinction between the lowest and tallest, But cuts down all both low and high, With the strictest impartiality.
- And, as he ever flyly watches,
 The cavalier and the clown he catches,
 The beggar and also the great Sultan,
 The tailor and also the Tartar Khan.
- 6. And with his scythe his rounds he goeth And honorables and lackeys moweth, The herdsmaid and the titled dame, Without distinction of place or name.
- He listens to no compromises;
 Both crowns and bag-wigs he despises,
 Doctor's hats and stag's horns
 And whatever else men's heads adorns.
- A thousand things he has command of,
 By which he us can make an end of,
 And now the dagger, and now the pest,
 And now a grape-stone, gives us rest.

- A fickness now and now a panic,
 And now a mistaken dose of arsenic,
 Poison or pleasure or very spite,
 Or love or grief or a mad dog's bite.
- 10. Now a law-fuit and now a fplinter, Now a bad woman and now a bad winter, Now a noofe or other fnare, Of which may Heaven help us beware.
 - 71. Against his darts, when they assail us, No d'Arçon's floating batteries 'll avail us, Friend Death, the ravenous, is not scared By cannon or fortress, shield or sword.
- 12. The commandant of the Seven Towers, The grand vizier in his harem's bowers, As well as Diogenes in his tub, All—all are fwallowed by him for grub.
- 13. So is it as far as memory reaches, As far as ancient history teaches; Jacob Böhme and Aristotlés, Klaus Narre and Demosthenes;
- 14. Misshapen Esop his fables tellin', And the Grecian beauty, world-famed Helen, Unhappy Job and King Solomon, Gave up the ghost and now are gone.
- 15. Emperor Max and Jobs the Senátor Virgil and Hans Sachs my ancéstor, Goliath great and David small, Early or late, they perished all.

- 16. Nicholas Klimm and Marcus Aurelius, Cato and Eulenfpiegelius, Ritter Samfon and old Don Quixote, alas, they are dead and gone.
- 17. Kartouche and King Alexander together, As like each other as birds of a feather, Bramarbas the hero and Hannibal, Met the common definy all.
- 18. Great Augustus, also Poland's Hero and Charles XII., nolens volens, As well as the Persian Shah Kulikan And Czar Peter, that famous man;
- 19. Item, Xerxes, with his hoft fo enormous, Potiphar, of whom the scriptures inform us, And Polyphemus, the one-eyed, And old Methusalem have died.
- 20. All—all—to the grave they had to carry, Calvin and Father Santa Clara, Likewise the Patriach Abraham And also Erasmus of Rotterdam.
- 21. Müller Arnold, too, and the Russian Imperial Dynasty and the Prussian Lawyers, and April, well known, Who fell down stairs at Ratisbon.
- All—all—have funk beneath his fickle,
 Hippocrates Magnus and Schuppachs Michel,
 Galenus and Doctor Menadie,
 With the Salernian Academy;

- 23. Not one of them found time for fleein',
 Not Nostradamus nor superintendent Ziehen:
 With doctor Faust, dreamer Swedenburg, too,
 He made a clean sweep and went through.
- 24. Orpheus, the great musician, Molière, the comedian of the Parisian nation, And the famous painter Apellés, Friend Death has swept away all these.
- 25. The long-eared Midas, (all children know it,) Homerus, the old blind beggar-poet, Veftris the dancer and brave Tamerlane, Struggled with the destroyer in vain.
- 26. Ah yes, dear reader! with terrible grip he Seized and devoured Penelope, Xanthippe, Judith, Dido, Lucretia, And the queen from far Arabia.
- 27. Cynic Timon, Democritus the laughing phyfician, Juggler Schröpfer and Simon the magician, Socrates and young Werther, the one A wife man, t'other a fimpleton.
- 28. Bucephalus and Rossinante
 And Abulabas the Elephant, he,
 With the horse Bayard and Balaam's ass,
 Took for a morning meal like grass.
- 29. Summa Summarum, the long and the short is, That in none of the chronicles do we find notice, That friend Death has ever any one passed Without coming back for him at last.

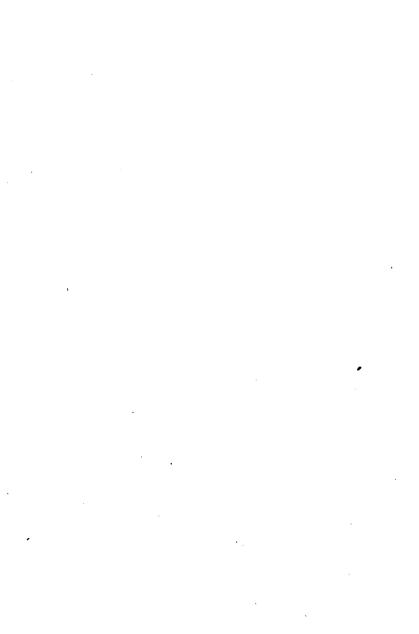
- 30. And what he has not eaten already He will not fail to remember when he's ready: Alas! dear reader, also thee, And, what is worst of all, even me!
- 31. From the common lot (we've now to mention,) Hieronimus, the watchman, found no exemption, Him, too, friend Death removed from the stage, When forty years and three weeks of age.
- 32. He caught an inflammatory fever From which he might have recovered, however, If they had only let nature That best of nurses, work his cure.
- 33. But a doctor who in curing was mighty, With a powerful dose of Elixir Vitæ, In the very best method carried him fast To the place where we all must go at last.
- 34. And now when to the grave they bore him, The Schildeburgers did loudly deplore him, For there had not, in many a century, Been known such a famous night watchman as he.

NOTE.

One is reminded by this chapter of "Father Mulvaney's Sarmon" in Mrs. Hall's Lights and Shadows of Irish Life: "Now you see that the great min of ould times are all dead! not a mortial sowl of them all alive."

"There was Julus Cafar and twelve of them there was-

"There was the great Cleopatra, an Egyptian, and a great warrior; he used to drink purls for wather—mortus est! he's dead too! There was Marc Anthony, a grate frind and coajuthor of Cleopatra's, he had a grate turn for boating and the like—mortus est—he's dead too! There was Charleymange, a grate Frinch man of larning and tongues, and with all his larning—mortus est—he's dead too! There was the grate Alexandre the gineral of the whole wide world—mortus est—he's dead too! . . . There was the grate Cicero, a mighty fine pracher like myself—mortus est—he's dead too!"



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